

The Wetsaskiwin Times

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WETASKIWIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1923

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CITIZENS WANT DISCOUNT DAY EXTENDED TO NOV. 30

Meeting Held to Discuss Matter of High Taxation. Suggested That Debentures be Extended. Committee Appointed to get Facts and Figures, and to Report at Another Meeting to be Held This Thursday Evening.

A large number of ratepayers attended a meeting in the banquet room of the Driad hotel on Friday night to discuss taxation in the city, and to devise some means of lowering the present high rate. Phinlay Watson took the chair, and in doing so stated that he had not been instrumental in calling the meeting, but he understood that it was for the purpose mentioned.

J. W. Matton told the view of the high taxation and how it affected him personally.

R. M. Angus then took the floor and wanted to know the reason of calling the meeting, and brought up the question of an extension of debentures and stated that in his opinion this was the only thing that could possibly be done.

Carl Smith asked what effect the appointment of a receiver would have on the city, and a long discussion took place along these lines. A number of the ratepayers talked very much in favor of this being done, but the chairman felt that it was not for the very wise to take any such action.

R. W. Manley then addressed the meeting, explaining his position as acting secretary, stating that he had not been invited to the meeting, but being interested in taxation had called the meeting for information. He suggested that from the discussion which had taken place the meeting was not getting anywhere and he thought that the only thing to do was to appoint a committee who could get facts and figures, and that they should report at a future meeting.

J. S. Orr questioned whether or not an extension of the debentures would have very much effect in relieving the high rate of taxation, and that from the facts and figures at his disposal he could not see that it would have much more effect than possibly to reduce the rate four or five mills. It was evident by the discussion which followed that some of the ratepayers did not agree with him.

A motion moved by Mr. Manley and seconded by C. B. McMurdo that a committee of three be appointed to obtain particulars of the liability and debentures of the city and devise ways and means of helping out the situation and report to a subsequent meeting was carried unanimously. A number of nominations for the committee were named. A great many refused to act, and after many withdrawals, A. P. Moan, P. B. Watson and Alex Knox were appointed.

A motion was also carried that a

resolution be passed asking the city council that the discount day for this year's taxes be extended to November 30, on account of the present discussion of the matter. After a vote of thanks being passed to Carl Smith for the free use of the banquet room for the meeting an adjournment was made until Thursday when another meeting will be held to hear the report of the committee.

MEETINGS ON REFERENDUM

A rousing prohibition meeting was held at Finn Hall, Twin Creek, on Sunday, when a full house listened to the Rev. Mr. Irwin of Wetsaskiwin, explain the issues to be voted on November 14th. The speaker charged the modernists with claiming that contentment would come if the liquor was restored. He claimed that the aims and objects of the modernists were to restore contentment. "Keep a man drunk and he will stand for anything," said the speaker. He quoted Lloyd George as saying that the abolition of the vodka from Russia brought on the revolution because no sober people would stand for a czar. If the present experiment in government is to end in a solution of the graft and corruption of the past it is imperative that we keep liquor out of the way. Mr. J. R. Carruthers, of the Brightview organization, presided, and some of the local talent provided a musical program, which was much appreciated.

Rev. A. L. Elliott addressed a meeting at John Knox and Haultain schools at which organizations were set up to further the interests of the campaign, and Mr. Elliott and Mr. P. J. Johnson of Edmonton, addressed a meeting at New Sweden in the afternoon. Mr. Johnson also spoke on prohibition at Knox Presbyterian church at night.

CURLING RINK IS TO BE ENLARGED

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Wetsaskiwin Curling Rink association on Monday evening, it was decided to proceed with the work of enlarging the rink to six sheets. The first suggestion was to divide the rink in the middle and move half of it to the north and build the addition between the divisions, but this was found to be too expensive. It was decided to raise the roof on the north side of the present building and add the two sheets to the north side. The work is to be done by day labor.

BORN

COLLICUTT—In Wetsaskiwin, on the 7th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. L. Collicutt, a son.

EPWORTH—In Wetsaskiwin on the 5th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. William Epworth, a daughter.

HOLTNER—At Gwynne, on the 7th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Holtner, a daughter.

AMSBATHUGH—At Battle River, on the 10th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ambaugh, a son.

APPRECIATION

To the secretary of Lone Ridge P.A.—We wish to thank you and all your members for so kindly donating \$5.00 to help furnish the maternity ward at Wetsaskiwin Hospital.

(Sgd) Mrs. Trea, Mrs. Berry, Mrs. Petersen.

RATEPAYERS' MEETING

An adjourned meeting of ratepayers will be held in the Angus Theatre on Thursday, October 11, at 8 p.m., to receive report of committee appointed at previous meeting.

Alberta flour mills are filling large orders from China and other countries in the Orient.

LOCAL GOLF CLUB PURCHASES COURSE

The Wetsaskiwin Golf Club has been incorporated, and will purchase eighty acres from Mrs. A. R. Dickson, north-west of the city. The Pro. of the Mayfair Golf Club in Edmonton will come down in a few days to lay out the course. This property will give the Wetsaskiwin Club a very desirable course, and when it is fixed up the local club will have one of the best courses in the province.

DISTRICT COURT HELD LAST WEEK

The following cases were disposed of by His Honor Judge Ross last week at the sittings of the District Court here.

Rex vs Kallis—This was an appeal from a magistrate's conviction. The appeal was dismissed. Messrs. MacDonald & Grant, of Edmonton, for the appellant. W. H. Odell, K.C., for the crown.

Rex vs Scheeman—An appeal by the defendant from a summary conviction. Conviction quashed with costs. A. Knox for the Appellant, W. H. Odell, K.C., for the crown.

Rex vs Muckle & Popple—Judgment for the Plaintiff. A. Knox for the Plaintiff, W. H. Odell, K.C., for the defendant.

HARVESTERS TELL GRIEVANCES TO PRINCE OF WALES

Winnipeg, Oct. 6.—Lord Renfrew concluded his short stay in Winnipeg late Thursday afternoon, when he was the guest of the Government House for about three days.

The royal visitor was smiling and waving goodbye as the train drew out of the Canadian Pacific railway station, where Lieut-Governor Sir James Alton, Sir Augustus Nanton, General H. D. E. Kitchin and others had assembled to bid Lord Renfrew farewell.

Before leaving the vice regal suite of the Royal Alexandra hotel, which he occupied during his stay here, Lord Renfrew received three representatives of the unemployed British harvesters. He listened to their alleged grievances sympathetically, and heard particular cases in which harvesters are alleged to have been improperly dealt with.

Lord Renfrew expressed the view that if the harvesters immigrants could get suitable work during the winter at reasonable wages, it might be well to take it, as there was much unemployment in Great Britain. One representative of the men remarked that in the case of a married man, the winter wage of the farm would be too low to maintain a family on it, and some of them would sooner return to Great Britain.

Lieut. Governor Sir James Alton was asked by Lord Renfrew to investigate the complaints. Lord Renfrew said that he would also mention the matter to the governor-general and to heads of some of the railway companies, whom he expected he would see. He then left for the train.

TEACHERS CONVENTION

The annual convention of the teachers of the Wetsaskiwin inspectorate will be held in the Parish Hall, Wetsaskiwin, on October 18 and 19. An interesting and helpful program is being arranged. Among other items, Professor McPhee of the University of Alberta, will give an address on "Intelligence Tests and Their Use in the School," and Mr. R. O. E. Hedley, supervisor of art in Edmonton, will deal with the subject of "Teaching the New Course in Art."

SCHOOL CURRICULA IN WESTERN CANADA WILL BE REVISED

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 6.—Curriculum of public schools in western Canada will be revised as a result of the recent conference here of deputy ministers of education of British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, it was announced at the department of education here yesterday.

Other important changes calculated to improve the public school system include longer training periods for teachers also are expected to result from the conference.

Miss Edith Sims has resigned her position at Wetsaskiwin and on Sunday returned to her home here.—Alta Free Press.

CIVIC HOLIDAY

Mayor Montgomery has proclaimed Monday next, October 15, Civic Holiday for Wetsaskiwin. All places of business, including the banks, will be closed that day, and the post office will observe the usual holiday hours.

PUBLIC MEETINGS

Public meetings, at which the ballot to be used in November 14th will be explained will be held at the following places on Sunday next, October 14th:

Angus Ridge School, at 3 p.m. Malmo, Swedish Mission church, at 8 p.m.

Wang School at 3 p.m. Rev. W. H. Irwin will be the speaker at Angus Ridge and Malmo, and W. H. Stearn, chairman of the Edmonton campaign committee, will address the meeting at Wang.

WORLD'S RECORD BROKEN

Regina, Oct. 6.—The world's record for levitation grain trains was shattered by the C.P.R. yesterday. One mile in length, a monster train of 25 cars of wheat was operated over the line between Stoughton and Arcola. The contents of the cars weighed 15,656 tons, which with a tare of 2380 tons, made a total weight hauled by a single engine of 7940 tons. The great string of cars contained approximately 185,000 bushels of grain.

HONOR ROLL OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS

King Edward School

Grade I—Helen Hagen, Leavert Morris, Leavert Morris, Leavert Morris.

Grade II—Betty Reeves, Julia Hagen, Walter Chapman, Alexandra School.

Grade III—Patsy Marshall, Margaret Stevenson, Keith Morris, Jann McMurdo, Iona Smith, Norman Holbrook, Reg. Kirsten, Bobbie Spencer, Dale Manley, Louis Anderson.

Grade IV—Lucy Kasur, Florence Walker, Alfred Bowie, Herbert Ironmonger.

Grade V—Sisile Ochs, Alister Elliott, Marjorie Montgomery, Edna Somers, Wilfred Hoyle, Beasley Rourke, Oriole Baker, Lawrence Johnson, Nellie Biddiger.

Grade VI—Sybil Liversidge, Nellie Walker, Albert Ehlke, Phyllis Burkett, Russell Graham, Ethel Kieffer, Harold East, Billy Irwin.

Grade VII—Vernial Weiss, Mary MacLeod, Jean Holbrook, Anna Kasur, Clifford, Tracie, Kella McMurdo, Harry Moore, Bob Watson, Hanna Littman.

Grade VIII—Ethel Barnett, Betty Dickson, Gordon Kirsten, James Rourke, Verne Starkey, Robert Farnham.

Grade IX—Elizabeth Ochs, Everett Lyle, David Baker, Emma Ehlke, Flora Stewart, Kathleen Orr, Marjorie Burkett, Emma Folland, Pearl Bell.

Grade X—Adolphine Stein, Jennie Moore, Clara Williamson, Elsie Farnham.

RECORD YIELDS BEING THRESHED

Threshing is the order of the day, and many large yields are being reported. A few days ago L. O. Felland threshed sixty bushels of wheat off one large field and fifty bushels off another, and this week it is announced that M. W. Reeves is threshing 140 acres of Marquis which is averaging 42 bushels to the acre.

After a careful survey of the district it is estimated that the average yield will be about 35 bushels to the acre.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK THRESHING MACHINE

A dastardly attempt was made to wreck the threshing machine owned by Ed. Schmidt, threshing on Lou Hanna's place on Saturday last. Someone had deliberately placed a large stone in a shunt of wheat and fixed it so that it would not fall out. This particular shunt was fed into the separator resulting in badly damaging the cylinder. Fortunately the stone was too large to go through the machine or it might have been worse. Several broken cylinder teeth flew from the machine but no one was hit. The police have the case in hand and are making investigations. Mr. Schmidt has been able to secure the needed repairs and the machine is again in use.

McFarland Estimates Yield Of 35 Bushels to The Acre In The Province This Year

Basing his opinion on returns available at the present time, which include a large number of yields of more than forty bushels to the acre, John I. McFarland, president of the Alberta Pacific Grain Co., estimates that the yield per acre in the entire province of Alberta for this season's crop will be close to 35 bushels. The province's record was established by Alberta 1915 with 31.30 bushels per acre average.

On this basis Mr. McFarland believes that the total crop for the province of Alberta will be between 175,000,000 and 200,000,000 bushels. This depends, of course, on the acreage, as Mr. McFarland points out, and there is also the factor of failed areas, which makes a definite estimate impossible, but working on the figures that are available, Mr. McFarland believes that the huge yields in some areas and the very good ones in many other districts, will result in a substantial boost to all previous estimates for this province.

BUTTER SUBSTITUTES ARE NOW EXCLUDED

Oleomargarine may no longer be imported into Canada, nor is its manufacture in this country permissible. This prohibition came into effect on the first of September, but dealers were given until the end of February 1924, to dispose of their stocks, after which the sale will no longer be legal. The restrictions as to oleomargarine imported in Canada for many years previous to the war. They were removed as a war measure, and their restoration was looked upon by parliament, as being in the best interests of the public.

The product known as renovated butter is also excluded by an amendment to the dairy produce act passed at the 1923-1924 session, which likewise shuts out filled milk, filled cream or filled butter. These articles which bulk large in the produce trade in the United States, contain fats other than the fat of milk. They have never occupied an important place in Canadian trade and their exclusion will not necessitate any marked readjustment of the dairy produce business.

SUGAR CANE IN ALBERTA

Bert Keyes, who came to Vermilion from the States last year, and settled on a section of land in that district, brought with him some sugar cane seed which he sowed on June 1 this year. When the Star's correspondent saw it on September 10, the cane had grown over six feet high and many who had never before seen sugar cane growing mistook the crop for Indian corn. It makes fine enough, to be preferred to either sunflowers or corn. Corn has been grown extensively in the Vermilion district this year.—Saskatoon Star.

CITY COUNCIL HOLDS VERY BUSY SESSION

Civic Holiday Proclaimed. Tender for Hauling Coal Accepted. Committee Appointed to Attend Conference re Taxes. Solicitor Instructed to Defend Two Threatened Legal Actions. Court of Revision Upholds Assessment.

The regular meeting of the city council was held on Tuesday evening with all members in attendance. The council resolved itself into a Court of Revision to consider the appeal of Alex. Knox. Mr. Knox in addressing the council, referred to sections of the city charter, and gave several reasons why he could not be assessed for 1922.

C. H. Russell, city solicitor, was called upon, and he referred to the law in the matter, pointing out where in the assessment was valid and in order. It was agreed that Mr. Knox's assessment stand, and the court of revision adjourned.

The minutes of the last regular meeting of council were read and adopted.

A letter was read from C. H. Russell, giving his opinion that the city was not liable to McKinnon for damages by electric light wires, received while working, as a telephone man. Mr. McKinnon would accept \$500.00 in settlement of claim. He will be informed that the city denies any liability for the matter.

C. H. Russell informed council that Hept. McPherson has engaged, for \$44.00 in lieu of holidays. The solicitor was instructed to look after the interests of the city in the case.

C. D. Smith & Co. informed council that the insurance on the Cowan barn, had been renewed for \$1000.00. Council asked Mr. Smith to return insurance to \$500.00.

The following accounts were passed for payment: General \$102.00; Electric Light \$448.24; Waterworks \$191.42; Supplementary, \$54.00; Construction \$85.00.

The matter of selling the Cowan barn was referred to the public property committee.

DONATIONS TO CITY HOSPITAL

The Wetsaskiwin City Hospital acknowledges with thanks the following donations: Set of dishes, wool comforter, and cooking utensils, from Ladies' Hospital Aid. Bible and other books from Rev. and Mrs. Gassner. Prayer and hymn book—Immanuel church W.A. Fruit—Mrs. L. Larson, Gwynne. Bible and mattress cover, from Women's fraternal society, their ward. Christmas from Scandinavian Ladies' Aid, for their ward.

The Eastern Star members have had their emblem and a name plate put on the door of their ward. Flowers and vegetables have been much appreciated. The following is a list of some of the donors: Mrs. Barbara, Mrs. Boyer, Mr. Chandler, Mrs. H. Johnson, Mrs. Ecklund, Mr. J. Wang, H. A. Elliott, Mrs. J. Sald, Mrs. Holmes, Mrs. E. Moore, Mrs. A. Ellis, Mrs. Mellett, Mr. Manuel, Mrs. Berry, Mrs. Davidson, Mrs. Hoyle, Mrs. Knox, Mrs. Paulsen, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Wilberg and Mrs. Nielson.

We are indebted to Rev. W. J. James for flowers from the children's flower services held in the English church here and at Ponoka, and for some very choice vegetables which had been used in decorating the church for the harvest festival.

We also received a splendid donation of vegetables from the Red Cross society at Yeoford.

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JAPANESE RELIEF FUND

The committee in charge of the Japanese relief fund wish to thank all those who have so willingly assisted in the work. The sum of \$32.49 has been collected up to the present time, which amount has been forwarded to the Canadian headquarters of the Red Cross Society for the Japanese relief.

party committee with power to act. The Western Canada Under-voters' association gave a report of the inspection made a few weeks ago. The report was adopted.

Mayor Duggan, of Edmonton, wrote a conference being held by mayors of cities of the province to arrange a joint conference with the government respecting cities getting an additional amount of provincial taxes. Mayor Montgomery, Ald. Chandler and the city solicitor were selected as the delegates from Wetsaskiwin to attend the conference, providing the proposed new city act will be up for consideration.

The C.P.R. gave permission to test the water wells on their property, and the power plant committee was instructed to proceed with the test providing a suitable pump can be procured.

R. W. Manley advised council that at a meeting of ratepayers last week, a resolution was passed asking that council extend discount date to November 30. It was moved by Liveridge and Chandler that Mr. Manley be informed that discount date is October 31 and cannot be interfered with.

A largely signed petition asking that Mayor Montgomery declare Monday, October 15th, a civic holiday, was read. The mayor complied with the wishes of the petitioners.

Serge. Broadbent and Constable Allen asked that they be exempt from auto taxes, as they were doing police work for the city. The request was granted.

Frederick Freeman requested use of the council chamber for the referendum on November 5. The request was granted.

R. M. Angus will be exempt from business tax for six months, as his office was not occupied.

The matter of adjusting figures on weight scales was referred to the committee with power to act.

Dr. Sutherland wrote council re assessment for 1923. The matter was referred to the finance committee.

F. McQueen wrote asking that the assessment for auto be cancelled, as he did not have the car in Wetsaskiwin. The request was complied with.

Chief of Police Shelton gave his report for September, which was read and filed.

The request of Chief Shelton for two weeks' vacation was granted, and the police committee was instructed to secure a substitute.

The public works committee recommended that new water and sewer connections be put in at L. O. Felland's property. The report was adopted.

It was moved by Chandler and Gother, that the fire chief be instructed to inspect all chimneys, pipes, etc. in the business section of city, prior to November 1.

The police committee reported that Victor Johnson had been appointed poundkeeper and W. P. Meredith scavenger for the city.

The matter of taxes on H. B. Haason's and W. Rogers' cars was referred to finance committee for report.

The following tenders were received for hauling coal for city: Sam Baxter, 50c ton. E. Laushway, 46c ton.

The tender of Mr. Laushway was accepted. In the event of a consumer leaving the city, the light and power committee was empowered to protect the city's interests by collecting by legal procedure if necessary.

Ald. Brown was chosen as deputy mayor for the ensuing three months. The 1923 business tax list, outstanding, was referred to the finance committee to report at next meeting. A list of lands upon which caveat has been secured, was referred to the city solicitor for report. The matter of long outstanding accounts was referred to the city solicitor for collection. Meeting adjourned.

E. H. L. Thomas

Agent for
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Waterloo Boy and
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HER SON'S CHOICE

(By Greta G. Delisle)

Mrs. Priestley received her caller in the drawing room. It was formal old-fashioned room, with a long, gilt framed mirror at one end and a glass door in the other, which opened into a glass garden used partly as a greenhouse and partly as a conservatory. Across the hall was the cosy, cheerful library with its book-lined walls and the tea table drawn invitingly close to the hearth. It was here that Mrs. Priestley received her friends.

The shabby young girl before her was not a friend. She was only the girl her son wanted to marry. She was a little thing, neat in her worn, mended grey frock, her turned coat had seen two years wear and the becoming, but rather passive that topped off her slight figure. Mrs. Priestley complacently felt contrast between her own well-dressed, marcelled and massaged self, her costly, beautifully appointed raiment and the evident lack of these things, in her guest. She looked down from majestic heights and extended her hand. "So good of you to come," she said with a smile that was meaningless because it held no welcome.

The small, upturned face showed the creamy pallor of a pearl.

"Dan had wanted me to come so many times—but until you asked me—I felt as if—as if I couldn't. I was almost afraid to meet you, for, you see, you are his mother."

"But I am not so formidable a creature, am I?" Yet even as she spoke the older woman hoped she was formidable to the timid little creature. She had no intention of setting her at her ease; rather she intended to station her at once the uselessness of hoping to marry Dan. She had arranged the meeting in the stiff, stately and expensively decorated drawing room; she had domed her most becoming afternoon gown; and taken on her highest manner, both detached and remote, in order that she might be the flower of the great city streets might catch in the very atmosphere of the room that contained her note of antagonism and warning—yes, and of dismissal. Rachel Thraws did not know it but against her there stood against all the odds of position, influence and honor that had gathered about the Priestley name in three generations.

"Oh, yes—I mean—it is because you are Dan's mother—it was that and nothing more that made me afraid. You see I didn't know anything about you, and Dan's so splendid, I was so hard to give him up to anybody. He's going to be a great man some day, Mrs. Priestley, but just now he needs a woman's love to help him to understand himself, to give him the courage to live wisely and greatly."

The creature of Dan's mother went up disapprovingly. "I know my son thoroughly, I think," she said. Her tone did not imply resentment for that would have betokened interest, but it said coolly and conclusively, she thought, that she disliked the girl.

"Yes, so he did, but maybe I give you the details that women love and men don't bother about." The girl began nervously, but her voice became confident as she went on. "You know I teach the children of poor families in one of the city schools. It is not particularly well paid work and most people would think it is very agreeable. It is not the kind of thing you would want to know much about and yet I must tell you. Many of the pupils of my school have been habitual truants. They are not grateful but each works along without any pretensions to being pleased up."

"No, thank you. Do you know how Dan and I came to love each other?" "He told me he met me in connection with one of his cases—some trial last March."

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while as for yourself, I trust to your woman's common sense. If you love him in the least you will not stand in the way of his progress."

"I know," the girl spoke slowly, thoughtfully, soberly, but with a ring of firmness, "that is just why he needs me, Mrs. Priestley."

"He needs to know himself first of all, independently of any woman. The boy has a future, Miss Thraws, and a future that must not include a matrimonial mistake."

"The girl faced this brutal speech with a steady gaze."

"I understand now. I see what you want. You are asking me to give him up."

"If you love him—yes. You must see that it is best."

The still look on the girl's face quieted other descending explanations. It showed clearly the solemn hush that had descended upon her young soul. The veil was moved aside from that holy of holies for a moment and the worldly old woman had a glimpse of the love, tender, deep and strong, that burned like a sacred fire through her.

"It is because I love him so much that I wish to be sure to know what is best."

Mrs. Priestley felt the check of a conquering personality in this quiet creature. The shabby little thing was about to be overcome by haughtier and abolder.

She changed her tactics abruptly. "Let us go into the other room, my dear, and have some tea. The fire is burning so cozily and you must be cold. We can talk there."

"Oh, no," a wave of shame at the insult in the woman's tone swept over Rachel's face. "Dan says he used to see me at church singing in the choir, though I don't remember him at all, and he loved me for an angel then!"

That's just his nonsense, of course. I was afraid to love him at all for so long time to even think of him or see him, and I did so only when necessary because I knew how much I could care for him, more than he could ever care for a little nobody like me. As soon as the need for consulting him about poor Charlotte's affairs was over and the case concluded, I kept away from places where I would see him. Then Dan discovered that Charlotte's parents died when she was little more than a baby, so that the man and woman with whom she was living was her uncle and aunt. Her father died leaving money to provide for her care for a number of years, but the uncle spent it all and then, as so many low creatures will, he beat and abused his victim. It took a great deal of trouble to find out all this, but when I was done Dan asked me to find a home for the child. She is now with people who look after her well, while the uncle is sentenced to contribute a weekly sum for her support until he has paid back the money he robbed her of with the interest on it. I kept a distance between us but Dan sought my aid. He knew all the places where I was to be found, and I knew that in spite of myself, his determined way would win. He broke down, every obstacle of pride and reserve I had built up. He is so tender, so strong, and so kind and masterful. He is a very wonderful man, Mrs. Priestley and you must be proud of him."

"I am proud for him," said the old even voice. "I wish I had him find the world's most wonderful woman if I could and bring her to me as his bride."

"What would you have me tell him?" "I leave that to you. No doubt you could tell him that you had ceased to care, or had found out that you did not love him after all."

The older woman flushed and hesitated, for she saw the flash of her crosses and the insufficiency to put aside love like this—"or you might say that you did not believe it would be best for him. Perhaps you could go away abruptly and break the engagement off by letter."

"Oh, you don't know Dan!" The girl's face was glowing and animated. "He would know! He is too good and trusting to believe such a shabby trick of me. I could never fall him when he has not failed me once. He would look for the truth and have it out of me. I would have to tell him, he'd force it from me!" She laughed softly, a laugh that told of lovers' pleasures. Dan is so marvellous—he would see us for the tricksters we would be."

Mrs. Priestley bit her lip and her color ran forehead high. She saw the girl knew her own advantage. She might say what she liked to Dan and after her mother's love as an excuse, but he would never forget his resentment if he discovered his mother had sent his shabby sweetheart away. She had never seen him really angry, but she was afraid of some new power this girl had given him. Perhaps after all he would be indignant and forever scornful of her if she made trouble of his mother who had been his chum and confidante (ill) this usurper appeared. Mrs. Priestley was resolved in spite of this strange un-

"So it was then that you fell in love with my son," said Dan's mother coldly and indifferently.

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That's just his nonsense, of course. I was afraid to love him at all for so long time to even think of him or see him, and I did so only when necessary because I knew how much I could care for him, more than he could ever care for a little nobody like me. As soon as the need for consulting him about poor Charlotte's affairs was over and the case concluded, I kept away from places where I would see him. Then Dan discovered that Charlotte's parents died when she was little more than a baby, so that the man and woman with whom she was living was her uncle and aunt. Her father died leaving money to provide for her care for a number of years, but the uncle spent it all and then, as so many low creatures will, he beat and abused his victim. It took a great deal of trouble to find out all this, but when I was done Dan asked me to find a home for the child. She is now with people who look after her well, while the uncle is sentenced to contribute a weekly sum for her support until he has paid back the money he robbed her of with the interest on it. I kept a distance between us but Dan sought my aid. He knew all the places where I was to be found, and I knew that in spite of myself, his determined way would win. He broke down, every obstacle of pride and reserve I had built up. He is so tender, so strong, and so kind and masterful. He is a very wonderful man, Mrs. Priestley and you must be proud of him."

"I am proud for him," said the old even voice. "I wish I had him find the world's most wonderful woman if I could and bring her to me as his bride."

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woman a few blocks away. Then I looked for a lawyer, for I was determined to prosecute the man. I went to the building where your son was because I knew that a great many lawyers had their offices there. I had thought of engaging the most noted one in the city, whose name was posted on the wall below, and ascended the stairs to look for his office, but found it closed. Dan was just locking his door. I had never seen him before, but I thought, because he was in one of his serious, lovable moods that I know so well now. How kind and wise he looks! I turned to him. 'Are you a lawyer?' He replied that he was. 'Will you take my case then?' 'Let me hear it' he said. He opened the door again and went back. I don't know if you follow your career closely or not, but Dan's interest in civil welfare and never better, social laws, dates from that day when I sat in his office and told Charlotte's story. His present prominence and his remarkable display of ability arise from that. All I can say is so glad he is taking a great and leading part in the reforms that the steamers are planning for our country, and I know that some day he will occupy a place of honor in the halls where legislation is enacted. Dan is so capable, so honest, so strong." The girl's voice rose into a rapturous ring, and a glow of loving pride suffused her face. Straight through she had spoken with such an engaging simplicity and directness of manner that Mrs. Priestley had discovered herself interested with a sharp inward start. She pressed herself together to administer a corrective.

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"Oh, you don't know Dan!" The girl's face was glowing and animated. "He would know! He is too good and trusting to believe such a shabby trick of me. I could never fall him when he has not failed me once. He would look for the truth and have it out of me. I would have to tell him, he'd force it from me!" She laughed softly, a laugh that told of lovers' pleasures. Dan is so marvellous—he would see us for the tricksters we would be."

Mrs. Priestley bit her lip and her color ran forehead high. She saw the girl knew her own advantage. She might say what she liked to Dan and after her mother's love as an excuse, but he would never forget his resentment if he discovered his mother had sent his shabby sweetheart away. She had never seen him really angry, but she was afraid of some new power this girl had given him. Perhaps after all he would be indignant and forever scornful of her if she made trouble of his mother who had been his chum and confidante (ill) this usurper appeared. Mrs. Priestley was resolved in spite of this strange un-

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cashness to make one more final attempt to persuade the girl, to extract a promise from her and, after this, manage to send her away scouted and appeased. Dan, through this little creature's eyes amazed her. Dan strong! Dan masterful! Dan never failing a trust! He had so often been considered indolent, irresponsible and good naturedly careless, even among

his best friends. Why, he might even go further than she had dreamed! It was imperative that he marry a wife who would grace any position.

"I see I must lay the case before Dan to decide," Mrs. Priestley's voice and manner had all the coolness of a final and unanswerable threat.

"But Dan has decided!" the girl smiled amusedly.

(Continued on Page 7)

SIMS-BROWN CO.

Dealers in Dodge Brothers and Star Cars
Dodge Touring, \$1460, Wetaskiwin
Star Touring, \$ 810, Wetaskiwin

We have one used Dodge Car in good running order, four new tires and good spare, \$500., or will trade for smaller car.

GET

Drive Belts, Oils, Greases, Etc. From Us

Agents for

Twin City Threshers
Celebrated Waterloo Champion Separators
Hart-Parr Tractors

Norman W. Fead

Phone 40.

Landsdowne St.

THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON IMPROVED FARMS

See our local agent

Phone 140 L. H. NEWVILLE

Backache—Rheumatism

For over 10 years, Minard's Liniment has been a household name in thousands of homes all over Canada. It quickly relieves rheumatism, backache, neuralgia, toothache, sprains or bruises, and all other pains. There is no better relief than Minard's Liniment. It is a household name in thousands of homes all over Canada.

Minard's Liniment is put up in an oblong grey box; our trade mark is "The Maple Leaf" price 50c. per box, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



Buy At Home

AND DIVIDE YOUR DOLLAR WITH YOUR NEIGHBOR

Everybody has a certain amount of Civic Pride—that sort of pride which helps make a village a town and a town a metropolitan city.

The growth of any community is dependent upon the support given its citizens. If we fail in our cooperation the town either stands still or retrogrades. If we uphold the town by sustaining it wholeheartedly we help ourselves and the community. The theme of this advertisement is "Help our town, buy at home"

Let us divide our dollars among our merchants and fellow-citizens who have the interests of the community at heart. Help them and they will help us to greater values—for increased volume means decreased costs.

The city needs our support and we need the support of the town. Let's get together and share our fortunes.

The Wetaskiwin Times

Phone 27

Wetaskiwin Times

Published every Thursday at the Times, Block, McDonald Street, Wetaskiwin, Alberta.

Subscription, \$2.50 per year; \$2.00 per year if paid in advance. U.S. postage, 50 cents extra. Advertising rates on application.

V. C. FRENCH
Editor Proprietor

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1923

Liquor Law Absurdities

According to the experiences of a hotel proprietor in Montreal, he can sell beer in the room specially dedicated to such purposes, and legally called the "Tavern," but only a retailer of beer can send the liquor to the rooms of those staying at the hotel. He encountered a case where his two assistants bringing four dozen bottles, which were claimed by a German visitor, who explained that this quantity was ordered by him to entertain his three friends. A policeman, called in to adjudicate, decided the grocer could deliver, but suggested a less tentatious way of delivery, so the grocer and his assistants retreated with the four cases, and brought back the contents neatly disguised in paper parcels.—Municipal Review.

Japan Wants Alberta Products

In order to assist in rebuilding the shattered cities, cheapen food, and stimulate industry, the Japanese government has issued an Imperial ordinance which removes the custom duties ordinarily levied upon a lengthy list of articles and reduces the tariff up on certain other articles. Among the commodities thus placed upon the free list are wheat, barley, butter and meats. These are all products which Alberta produces in excess quantity, and for which it has been hoped that a market could be found in the Orient. The opportunity to introduce them to the Japs has come and it rightly has been met in heavy shipments from this province to the trans-Pacific empire during the winter. The tariff is temporary only, and the normal tariff comes into effect again at the end of March. As Alberta is the largest producing area situated nearest to Japan, this province has an advantage over all competitors, an especially important fact in view of the time limit.—Bulletin.

The Value Of a Newspaper to a Town

Few people in the average district appreciate the value of a newspaper to the community. Like flowers, the paper is appreciated most by those who do not subscribe for them. Like mothers, it is wanted most when it is gone.

The majority of the citizens look on a newspaper as the business of a single individual. If he thrives, that is the owner's or the editor's business. As a matter of fact, the success or failure of a newspaper is a matter of grave concern to the entire community.

If it were not for our newspapers, rumor and gossip would run riot over the world. Everyone knows how a simple question is asked by someone often is made a statement by another, how that statement is distorted by a second and enlarged by a third, and how it sometimes goes on and on until people do not know what to believe. Sometimes such a story gets so big that the only way it can be stopped is by someone coming out in the paper and stating the precise truth. Such conditions we would have constantly if it were not for our newspapers.

Newspapers, too, are the best advertisement a town has in the outside world. Other cities and towns judge a district by the kind of a newspaper it has. If it is supported well, given the news and the advertising pageage it ought to have, it thrives and is able to present an appearance of prosperity for the town to the outside world. If it does not thrive, outsiders are inclined to look on the town as undesirable to live in, and so move on to other towns.

If some of us appreciated more fully the value of our newspapers, we would make greater effort to see that they get the news and the advertising and so become successful. Modern society cannot get along without newspapers any more than it can without schools and churches.

What Is Behind The Prince's Visit?

That the real motive behind the Canadian visit of the Prince of Wales is to encourage emigration to Canada thus relieving the old country of her

surplus population, while increasing the stock of Anglo-Saxon blood on the North American continent, is the surmise of some of the leading men of Canada.

Behind the sojourn of the future king of Great Britain, is doubtless a political motive of the greatest importance to the English speaking peoples on both sides of the big water. At the root is England's teeming population, always, even in normal times, excessive in comparison with acreage and power of self support without outside supplies, but at the present time, with England's foreign trade disarranged by unsatisfactory credits and chaotic conditions on the continent, actually distressing. Confronted with the problem of obtaining relief from surplus population, England has turned hopefully to her territory in North America. During the autumn harvest in Canada herculean efforts were made to induce workers to ship from England with the hope that many, finding the garden of their dreams in the new world, would remain as permanent settlers. Successful in part, at least, this movement did not go sufficiently far to effect the complete remedy that is necessary. Now comes the Prince of Wales—as Lord Renfrew travelling incognito, as did his beloved grandfather, the late King Edward year ago—and settles down at the 22 ranch, on the High River, for a long stay. The Englishmen at home, reading of the keen enjoyment that the Prince finds in the healthy climate and wholesome environment of Canada, is quite likely to reason that what is good enough for the future king of England is certainly good enough for the commoner.

Thus the movement from crowded England to the broad spaces of the Dominion may set in, with a vim and vigor impossible to have been achieved by less pretentious means. In aiding and abetting this policy—if our surmise is correct and this is the real motive of the present princely visit—Lord Renfrew is indeed rendering a genuine service not only to Great Britain but to the cause of civilization itself. Certainly the transplanting in goodly quantities of the Anglo-Saxon blood of old England on the American continent will bring incalculable benefits to this side of the Atlantic while, by relieving the other side of its surplus peoples, will make for a more wholesome development of the lives of those that remain. But whatever the motive, we are sincerely glad that Lord Renfrew was with us. The number of royals as captured the heart of our people since the days of his grandfather's youth.—Ex.

The Alberta Gov't Telephones

The progressive policy of the telephone system of Alberta cannot better be illustrated than by consideration of the fact that in seventeen years—the life of the system—the original 22 subscribers have grown to 25,559; the original toll line from Calgary to Banff, 85 miles in length, to a network of almost 40,000 miles and the original investment of around \$350,000 to \$24,000,000.

Monopoly has been aimed at so that with the exception of the municipally owned system in the city of Edmonton, the Federal Parks' exchange at Banff, and a scattered handful of farmers' mutual lines, the entire system of the province is owned by the people of Alberta.

The progress of the province has been materially aided by rural development and today more than 20,000 farm homes are connected by phone.

The web of wires extends from Athabasca in the north to the International boundary and from the western boundary of Saskatchewan to the mountains, an area of a quarter of a million square miles. In addition, a complete system, not yet connected to the main network, serves the needs of the great Peace River territory.

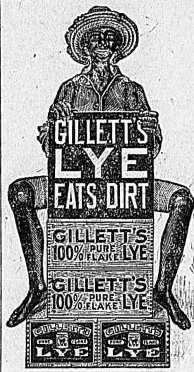
Long distance communication is readily available with Saskatchewan, Manitoba, the Kootenay Valley, and Montana, and in a very short time it is expected that Alberta will be able to talk to all the large cities in the United States as well as from coast to coast in the Dominion.

In the development of long distance telephony Alberta is well to the front, operating between Edmonton and Calgary the only carrier current system in Canada and fifth in the world.

An adaptation of the principles of radio communication, the carrier current system provides the best possible transmission, so that conversation between Alberta's two hundred miles distant cities is as easy as an ordinary conversation across a desk.

The recent opening of a long distance service between Alberta and Manitoba is the addition of another link in the trans-Canadian long distance line which we hope will in the very near future connect the Atlantic with the Pacific by a telephone line built on Canadian soil.

Alberta is the pioneer Canadian province in the field of automatic



telephone, using this type of service in her larger cities of Calgary, Medicine Hat and Lethbridge. Indeed, at the moment Lethbridge is priding herself on the latest type of automatic telephones in use anywhere.—Municipal Review of Canada.

Here and There

A Jersey cow owned by a Montreal man has broken all Canadian records by producing 1,200 pounds of butter in a year.

The average annual per capita cost from fires in United States is \$2.15, while Canada shows \$2.73 per capita by fire; Spain, \$1.86; France, 97 cents; England, 64 cents; Germany, 28 cents, and the Netherlands, only 11 cents.

Bungalow Camps in the wilds of Ontario have been opened by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at French River, Nipigon, and near Kenora, Lake of the Woods.

Traffic through the Lachine Canal during the month of June showed an increase of two million bushels of grain and one hundred thousand tons of coal with increases in pulpwood, produce and passengers over the same month of the previous year.

The wheat crop of Alberta and Manitoba has progressed so well on account of the abundant moisture of the early season that farmers, business men and railroad companies are preparing for a harvest in excess of the record one of 1915.

Prize Rupert, B.C., claims the world's best record for a one trip fish catch. A fishing schooner arrived at this port recently after being at sea 14 1/2 days, with 35,000 pounds of halibut, which sold for a sum that netted each man of the crew of five \$727.80.

In the Province of Ontario, it is estimated, the lumber cut in 1922 amounted to 309,000,000 board feet and in addition 289,113 cords of pulpwood. The Province of Nova Scotia cut 125,000,000 feet, New Brunswick 210,000,000 feet, and British Columbia 273,146,000 board feet.

The Dominion Express has just effected a shipment from Hamburg to Kobe, Japan, in 32 days. The average time consumed between the same two points via the Suez Canal is 49 days, and the saving thus made by the Canadian route will be of great importance in helping make this country the road between Europe and the Orient.

The total value of the pelts of fur-bearing animals taken in the Dominion during the season of 1921-22 was \$17,438,300, an increase over the previous year of \$7,287,273, or 72 per cent, and the number of pelts of all kinds was 4,555,790, an increase over the previous season of 48 per cent. These figures comprise pelts of animals taken by trappers and pelts of ranch-bred animals.

Tests of ceramic clay resources in British Columbia are being planned this summer by the British Columbia Government. The tests will be made under the auspices of the Department of Education and the Department of Industries. There are many varieties of clays in British Columbia and some are reported to be particularly suited to the manufacture of high class pottery ware.

A reduction of express rates on westward moving business between Europe and Canada was announced by the Foreign Department of the Dominion Express Company recently. This reduction on westbound shipments follows a similar cut on shipments from Europe to Canada made a little while ago, and amounts to a reduction of approximately twenty per cent. on the trans-oceanic trip. The rates came into effect on July 9 between all points in Canada and Europe.

The Banff-Windermere highway, the last link in the 5,000-mile chain of good roads which extends from the heart of the Canadian Rockies to California and return is now open to motor traffic, having been officially opened on June 30th by the cutting of a ribbon at Kootenay crossing in the presence of a number of Federal and Provincial Government officials, and a host of automobile tourists. The completion of this road has rendered accessible the most beautiful scenic country on the continent.

LABELS WILL TELL WHEN YOUR SUBSCRIPTION IS DUE

THE STORY OF THE THREE MOUSE TRAPS

In a certain town three firms were manufacturing mouse traps. Their manufacturing costs were just about the same and they each did about an equal amount of business.

The traps cost 15 cents to make; sold to the dealer at 20 cents, and were sold to the consumer at 30 cents. Each manufacturer made 5 cents per trap or 33 1/3 per cent profit on his turnover. Each dealer made 10 cents or 50 per cent profit. Each dealer, of course, carried all three traps, for there was about an equal demand for each.

One day one manufacturer made up his mind to spend 1 cent per trap in advertising. This reduced his profit to 4 cents a trap. He did not advance his prices and neither did the dealer.

He started his advertising and kept it up for two years. During this time the other two manufacturers kept on manufacturing their 5 cents per trap and quietly laughed at the "poor advertiser."

During the second year, however, a popular demand "seemed" to arise for this advertised trap. The manufacturers actually found demand getting ahead of production. In seeking to keep up with it they installed new machinery and found out that under improved methods and with quantity production they could turn out just as good a trap at a cost of 5 cents as formerly at 15 cents. So the manufacturer reduced the selling price from 20 cents to 15 cents, and the dealer reduced his from 30 cents to 15 cents. Even at this reduced price you will see that the manufacturer now made 50 per cent on his turnover as against the old profit of 33 1/3 per cent, and the dealer made 66 2/3 per cent as against 50 per cent before.

Naturally, the two other firms could not compete on price, so they went out of business. The dealer found he had only to tie up one-third as much capital to stock the one brand as he used to tie up to carry the three makes on his shelves.

Now—who paid for the advertising? Did the manufacturer? If you say "yes" how do you account for the fact that he reduced his selling price 5 cents per trap, and still increased his gross profits from 33 1/3 to 50 per cent?

Did the dealer pay for it? If you think so, how do you reconcile your opinion with the fact that he reduced his selling price from 30 cents to 15 cents and increased his profit from 50 per cent to 66 2/3 per cent?

Did the consumer pay for it? Obviously not, for he now got as good a trap for 25 cents as he used to get for 30 cents.

It looks like a case of money being spent and nobody to pay for it, doesn't it? If we look close, however, we will find that the men who actually paid for the advertising were the two men who did not advertise. The number of mice in that town remained just about the same, and so did the number of traps sold per year. But every time either of these firms lost an account it went over to the manufacturer who advertised. This steady increase in business enabled him to buy cheaper (because he bought his raw material in larger quantities) to manufacture cheaper (because of better machinery, standardized methods, etc.) and to sell cheaper (because each salesman now sold three traps where he formerly sold only one).

DIARRHOEA Is Dangerous To Teething Babies During Hot Weather

Hot weather is a dangerous time for the babies when cutting their teeth, and all mothers should watch very closely for any sign of diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum or any other bowel trouble.

On the first sign of any looseness of the bowels the mother will find that there is no remedy so effective as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry: a remedy that has been on the market for the past 78 years, and one that all mothers, who have ever used it, will speak of with the greatest enthusiasm.

Mrs. E. Vanness, Enterprise, Ont., writes: "When my baby was eight months old he started to cut two stomach teeth. He became very bad with summer complaint and was very sick and nervous. Nothing we could do seemed to help him and it looked as if he would not last long.

A friend told me to get a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and the second dose relieved him.

It helped me also when I was very bad with diarrhoea, and I will never be without Dr. Fowler's in the house."

Price 50c. a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



EAGER TO COME TO CANADA

This photograph was taken at the European head office of the Canadian Pacific Railway in London, England, and shows a number of men who were induced by the special harvesters rate to make further enquiries with regard to the scheme and conditions to be expected here after the harvest. Nearly five thousand men, the finest to come within the Canadian immigrant class in years, were recruited by the Canadian Pacific, and lack of steamship accommodation necessitated the closing of the doors against almost as many more.

BUY A POPPY

The Great War Veterans' Association of Canada have a clear conception of their duty in preserving the memory and records of those who suffered and died for the nation. Their "Remus Liveth for Evermore" and the G.W.V.A. urge all citizens of this country to wear the poppy emblems on days set apart for commemoration of victories attained and peace gained by those who served in the great war.

GREETING CARDS

A beautiful line of private Christmas greeting cards at The Times, Phone 27 and our representative will call.



The Perils of Neglect

Digestive ailments are frequently neglected. People say "It's only a touch of indigestion—it will go away." What begins as simple discomfort is allowed to become a serious—chronic ailment. Never neglect the treatment of digestive derangement. To relieve disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, Beecham's Pills act promptly and usually overcome the difficulty. Take



Sold everywhere in Canada.

Largest Sale of any Medicine in the World

EVERY SORT OF

Job Printing

We Print---

Posters
Dodgers
Envelopes
Letterheads
Visiting Cards
Shipping Tags
And Anything at all.

The

Wetaskiwin Times

COMMUNICATION

(We do not necessarily endorse the sentiments advanced by this or any other correspondent under this heading.—Ed.)

The Editor, Wetaskiwin Times:

Dear Sir—On must sympathize with the trying experience Mrs. Besse Stevens relates as her own, in her letter of last week. She tells of wild and lawless conduct which characterized most of the pioneering on this continent. But Mrs. Stevens should not let her own limited experience warp her judgment and set herself up as an authority. Excesses even worse than she had made Turkey notorious throughout the world, and yet it is a nation of total abstinence.

Yesterday and today I was at Brightview and beyond, and was informed that in spite of the fact, no such rough element as the old time lumber jack frequents the road, there are still sounds of revelry heard at Palms from passing cars, and evidence in the shape of beer cans and bottles to be seen occasionally along the road.

Saint Christy, seventeen hundred years ago, confounded the prohibitionists of that day with the following text and logic: "I hear men cry when these deplorable excesses happen. 'Would there were no wine!' What folly. What madness! When other men cry, you find fault with the gifts of God. What insanity is this? Is it the wine that causes the abuse? No it is not the wine, but the intemperance of those who take the evil delight in it. But rather cry out 'would there were no drunkenness, no luxury.' But if you shout, would there were no wine, you should add, 'Would there were no iron because of murders; Would there were no night because of thieves; Would there were no light because of leprosy; Would there were no women because of adulteries. In this way you might destroy everything. This is a devilish kind of reasoning.'"

The lesson to be drawn from the child who represented himself as a policeman and therefore could not drink anything but whiskey, seems to have been missed by Mrs. Stevens. This attitude of children towards the officers of the law is a direct result of a statute which attempts to regulate the conduct and habits which are best left to the individual conscience. The result is a task set for the police, being impossible, wild statements of inefficiency are made, by those who do not know. A hopeless task begets indifference and prepares the ground for corruption.

I regard Mrs. Stevens' little episode of the playing children as most damning evidence against our present legislation dealing with liquor.

Yours sincerely,
J. H. Hodson

The Editor, Wetaskiwin Times:

Dear Sir—Mr. Hodson, being considerably exercised by the facts brought out by Mrs. Stevens in her letter last week, motored out to Bright View to obtain a little more information. As I am the "resident boarder" referred to in last week's letter who substituted for several occasions for a regular teacher who was often in a drunken stupor, from the effects of the whiskey obtained in the saloon, when he should have been teaching, and as I am also the man who filled up the drinks with buttermilk, pain-killer, etc., to counteract their ravages and ravages, who stood guard over other people's bedrooms; who took bottles of whiskey away from men right in Mrs. Goodhand's house, I flatter myself that I can act as a competent guide to Mr. Hodson in his quest for a little more information. With regard to the teacher, He was a brilliant man who had received a higher education and had held a good position in the educational world in the east. The following happened on several occasions. When he received his money he would go to Wetaskiwin for the weekend and come back on Sunday night or Monday morning perfectly helpless with pocketbook, mind

and body broke. The saloon would take his money, render him helpless and turn him out, leaving sober people to take him in, doctor him all night and clean up his filthy vomit in the morning. On one occasion when he was paid he begged me to go to town with him. He had some level sense to do and he didn't want to get drunk. He gave me a free hand to prevent him from drinking for he told me that he couldn't pass the saloon alone. Some of the business he had to transact was to pay heavy scores in the saloon. I got him home with barely enough money to pay his board bill. Mr. Hodson may feel perfectly free to use the above incident in his plea for personal liberty.

Concerning the lumberjacks, Mrs. Stevens, hearing in mind that the editor of The Times does not possess a few ounces of printer's ink, was obliged to omit some of the details. But Mr. Hodson is athirst—for more information, so we must draw upon the generosity of our genial editor. I will cite one case (more on demand) typical of many. One of the good old days of the saloon. A more hearty deal with one night was an educated Scotsman who, in his drunken state, insisted that I should read a letter from his mother. I refused, he insisted, so to pacify him, I read it. It was a nongrammatical letter from a cultured, refined, educated lady. A more heart-breaking document I have seldom seen. It appeared that her son had been educated for a doctor in Scotland, but the booze bottle had replaced the medicine bottle. In a pathetic appeal stepped in a mother's love and tears she asked if her son had made good and if he was fit to come home and take the place for which he had been trained. There was his mother's letter, and there was her son wallowing in filthy vomited whiskey and numbing incoherency.

Is Mr. Hodson prepared to tell us how these things are done? A more efficient citizen, makes him more robust, advances him in his profession, develops his brain power, makes him a better husband and father and a better provider for his family? If not, where is his cure? If he says that booze does these things, then we promptly place him in the front rank of the great humorists, well in front of Mark Twain and Stephen Leacock.

One more incident to quench Mr. Hodson's thirst for more information. One night two or three lumberjacks came to Brightview from town. They had been drinking and were in a bad way. Mr. Goodhand said to me: "Let us have them in and do something for them." Mr. Goodhand was in a delicate state of health at the time and had to avoid exertion. He nevertheless flung caution to the winds and overreached himself in singing vigorously and otherwise entertaining the men until far into the night. Mr. Goodhand died the next day of a hemorrhage brought on undoubtedly by his efforts of the previous night to counteract the drinker's craving.

These are facts written indelibly on the page of our memory, the lessons of which cannot be shaken by Mr. Hodson's handling a sachet of pamphlets around Brightview containing supposed facts about places that we have neither the time nor means to investigate and test.

The simple truth of the matter is that Mr. Hodson wants his booze; he admits it, and he and his kind don't care who sinks in it as long as they swim in it.

Yours truly,
S. J. Waterman

Granby, Que., Sept. 30.

The Editor, Wetaskiwin Times:

Dear Sir—I would ask permission to use space in your valuable paper in answer to Mr. J. H. Hodson, who appears to be a physician. I would say that what I have said re conditions in Quebec are not second hand goods, such as he is peddling. I will admit that there is a serious loop hole in the Scott act, where a man has to put up one hundred dollars for costs before he can put in a complaint. Anyone who can afford to put up the money and does not, on account of money

being of more value to them than principal, will certainly keep his mouth closed, and blame it all to the Scott act. I am not writing from what someone else paid me to write. As I am travelling all the time, I have the privilege of seeing the conditions in the territory I travel in. Now I can furnish proof. I saw one single automobile standing across the street from a liquor commission house, and two men carrying 151 bottles of booze and putting it in this car by the armful and all inside of one hour. Does Mr. Hodson call that good legislation? I am very sorry for so many people having so much going on right under their noses, and not know it. It must be an oversight on their part, or they like the stuff. I travelled in the province of Quebec for a number of years when the old bar system was in force and I am travelling at present, and I know that things are "rotten". I suppose a hotel not having a license and all the outside doors to the bar locked up, and the bar room full of men, and three men behind the bar, would look like from the outside, like a good thing. In front of a hotel, and I asked the hotel man where I could get a drink of water, and he took me into a telephone booth. I thought he understood that I wanted to telephone, but as he stepped in he pushed a door out of the booth into the bar room and I was what I found to be the room full of men selling beer and booze, pending a license which he had applied for.

Now, I know Mr. Hodson, and I know how much stock people put in what he says, or writes second handed. If he was as capable as he would have people think he is, he would be doing a big business with eastern people, in the line of coal, and have considerable weight with the railway companies in reducing freight. I hope Mr. Hodson will not feel hard of me, but I see he is so ignorant of conditions and is used for a fool for the liquor party.

P.S.—There is more where this came from.

Yours truly,

G. V. McMillan.

W. C. T. U.

W.C.T.U. Convention at Red Deer, 3rd to 5th inclusive.

The reports showed a great deal of valuable ministry to women and children, especially along temperance and humane welfare lines.

Records for the year had been \$2,145, and expenditures \$2,750. \$1,141 had been raised for work among the Ruthenians.

The Lord's day observance report was not encouraging and the Sabbath atmosphere caused a Sunday spree was not helpful to the children.

25 model contests had been held. The senior excursion work set out to be held revised by the Dominion W.C.T.U.

There were 61 voting delegates present. The 1st day of the convention was devoted to the election of officers. The W.C.T.U. of the district, the W.C.T.U. of the province, and the W.C.T.U. of the Dominion were represented.

The annual presidential address of Mrs. McKinney, and the speech of Rev. Ben Spence, of Toronto, were of outstanding interest to the convention and to the public.

Mrs. McKinney plunged at once into the liquor referendum issue. Prohibition had been on trial and the friends of the liquor trade had been working diligently along two lines—first, where and how the law could be evaded or broken and had followed this up with a persistent campaign of law breaking. The next step to convince the public that the law could not be enforced and that conditions were worse under prohibition, and that some form of control for beverage purposes would be better than the present form of legislation. The words "Moderation and Control" had been so skillfully used that the public mind had in a measure succumbed to the hypnotic influences especially where effected by the suggestion of revenue.

Mrs. McKinney urged the women to stand up in defence of their homes and not to be sidetracked by the arguments of confusion and so fail to recognize the real issue.

The term moderateism was a part of the camouflage which was being used to deceive the unwary. Back of

it would seem certain that the farmers will harvest between 400,000,000 and half a billion bushels of wheat, and that of a good quality. The yields in Alberta are uniformly heavy and the average yield per acre will doubtless establish a new record when all returns have been received. Twenty-five bushels to the acre appears to be the minimum in any district, while yields of 30 and over 40 bushels are reported from all sections. Oats have also made a heavy crop.

A very successful rally service was held at the Larch Tree school on Sunday last. The children were all in fine trim and performed their parts well. Mr. Alex Murray who was ably assisted by Miss Smith, are to be congratulated on the splendid program given.

Last Sunday was harvest thanksgiving service at the Hillside school. Miss Asp had led the scholars of the school in preparing some very artistic mottoes, these with an abundant supply of vegetables, and an arch of corn over the desk, made the school very attractive. The children performed their part of the program well. The school was well filled, and everybody enjoyed the service.

The evening service in the United church at Millet on Sunday evening last, took the form of a Sunday school

Drop experts have registered their prophecies regarding Western Canada's wheat production this year, and

THE LAWSON STORE



Print, 5 yards for \$1.00

WINDOW DRAPINGS

Scrim, Lace and Muslin, at per yard

15c

"IBEX" FLANNELETTE BLANKETS

12-4, largest size, at

\$2.95

LADIES' SILK WAISTS

The price on every silk waist in the store has just been cut in two.

\$10.00 Waists for \$5.00

\$ 7.00 Waists for \$3.50

\$ 5.00 Waists for \$2.50

These prices are away below today's wholesale price.

HOSE FOR THE LADIES

Our stock of Hosiery is complete. Penman's silk and wool, in heather shades.

\$1.50

All wool heather hose, plain and rib, at

\$1.00 and \$1.50

Penman's make

THE LAWSON STORE

For Quality and Service

THIS STORE WILL BE CLOSED, MONDAY, OCTOBER 15.
—PROCLAIMED CIVIC HOLIDAY

LADIES' SHOES

Ladies' Finest Quality Kid Shoes

\$1.95

Cannot repeat this price once this stock is sold out.

GINGHAMS

We have the largest and best assortment of Gingham in the town.

4 yards for \$1.00

27 inches wide. Makes a good yet inexpensive house dress.

CHILDRENS SERGE DRESSES

We have 46 Children's Serge Dresses, sizes 4 years to 14 years. Values up to \$12.00.

Saturday Special \$3.00

The making would cost more than we ask for the whole dress.



We have received a large consignment of Boys' Suits. They were bought at the right price for cash, and we are giving our customers the advantage of our deal.

We Ask You to Compare Prices and Quality

LEDUC

A public meeting of the citizens was held on Monday evening last in the Oddfellows hall to promote the interests of the Boy Scout movement. Mr. W. J. P. Solby, field commissioner, was present and outlined the program in its various stages, covering the wolf cubs, boy scouts and rover scouts. A troop committee was formed consisting of Dr. Kidd, president; H. S. Coalter, vice president, and E. A. Leighton, secretary treasurer. Others present were enrolling as "Big Brother Scouts" on payment of \$1 fee, and it is hoped that many others will enroll.

Mr. F.W. Lawson is acting as scoutmaster and Harold Pritchard as assistant scoutmaster. The boy scouts will assemble in the Oddfellows hall on Monday nights at 7.30, to carry out scout work.

The students at school in the afternoon were assembled by the principal, Mr. Dancy, and the program outlined for boy scouts and girl guides.

For competition in connection with the recent public school leaving examinations. A medal is awarded to the candidate taking the highest aggregate in each inspection in the province. Doris Liveridge, of the Wetaskiwin public school, was the winner of the medal in this inspection.

CITY BAKERY

Explanation

We wish to announce that a mistake was made by our baker a few days ago, with the result that dark specks were found in the bread made that day.

We assure our customers that this will not occur again.

We have one of the cleanest and most sanitary bakeries to be found anywhere and we cordially invite the public to come in and inspect our premises at any time.

THE CITY BAKERY

Phone 74

Wetaskiwin

For the Promptest Service

In Any Kind of

DRAVING

PHONE: Residence 43; Office 77

Ed Laushway

CITY TRANSFER

Classified Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—1930 Chevrolet car, in good condition, cheap for cash. Apply to Phone 234, Wetaskiwin. 30-31a.

FOR SALE—Jub. Cushman Engine with saw, \$200 cash; 351 caliber Winchester rifle, \$40.00. W. J. Nutt, Litter Lake, S.E. 34-47-24. 29-31a

FOR SALE—Pure bred Barred Plymouth Rock roosters, winners wherever shown. Prices reasonable. F. J. Higginson, Millet. 29-31a.

WILLOWNOOK FARM—For sale, 320 acres, 5 miles north Wetaskiwin, fine location for dairy farm, about 40 acres in crop, crop goes with farm. Immediate possession; part cash, terms on balance. I have also 2 city lots on Courthouse Ave., next R. Hawkins' residence cheap for cash, or will trade for cattle or hogs, fine residence location. B. E. Boyd, Wetaskiwin. 23-41a

HAY For Sale

About One Hundred and Twenty-five (125) tons in stacks of from 3 to 11 tons each, now on the property known as the Rodberg Ranch. Hay can be seen by applying to Chris. Maynard, Gwynne P.O. Offers to purchase all or any stack will be received up to 31st October, 1923, by NATIONAL TRUST CO. LTD., 10072 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alta. 29-31a.

Estray

ESTRAY—Come onto the premises of Ed. Bye, Esq., 23-44-24-41b, about October, 1921, one red and white mule steer, short tail, right ear cut square off, white on belly, white ear on forehead. J. D. Cowan, brand reader, Wetaskiwin. 30-31.

WANTED!

1000 HEAD OF STEERS, HEIFERS, FAT COWS AND VEAL.

Any person having any of the above mentioned stock for sale, will do well to notify the undersigned. I pay the highest market price. Full particulars can be had by telephoning Geo. L. Owen, No. 33; or the City Meat Market, No. 3.

GEO. L. OWEN
Agent for P. Trezner
28-31a. Calgary, Alta.

GENERAL CHANGE

in
TRAIN SERVICE
Effective — Sunday
September 30, 1923

Times for Trains at Wetaskiwin will be

NORTHBOUND
No. 521 6:50 a.m. Daily No. 526 1:26 a.m.
No. 525 7:50 a.m. Daily No. 524 8:46 a.m.
No. 523 1:50 p.m. Daily No. 524 1:25 p.m.
Ex. Sunday
Edmonton, Wetaskiwin, Saskatoon
No. 51 5:30 a.m. Daily No. 52 11:30 p.m.
No. 527 10:45 a.m. Daily No. 528 7:50 p.m.
Ex. Sunday

Trans-Canada Limited, No. 7 and 8, between Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver, will be withdrawn. Last train leaves each of these points on September 29th, 1923.

The Mountaineer, Trains No. 13 and 14, between Chicago and Vancouver, have been withdrawn west of Moose Jaw. Connections at Moose Jaw from and to St. Paul with Trains No. 1 and 2.

For particulars apply to any Ticket Agent.

J. E. PROCTOR
District Passenger Agent
28-21a. Calgary



SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 2nd November, 1923, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, three times per week on the route Millet R.R. No. 1, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Millet, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Calgary.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Calgary, September 20, 1923.

D. A. Bruce,
28-31a. Post Office Inspector.

Lost

REWARD—I will pay a suitable reward for a bunch of keys lost on October 4, at or near the post office. Leave same at The Times office. 30-11a.

LOST—Between Wetaskiwin and Millet on or about Oct. 10, a \$44 Ford year A.V.T. used tire, on Firestone rim. Return for reward to Whyte & Orr, Wetaskiwin or Millet. 30-11a

LOST—From my premises a few days ago, one rat terrier dog, white, with brown spots, short tail, had leather collar with a few brass buttons, answers to name "Teddy". Suitable reward by returning to Wetaskiwin police station. Carl Dahms, Wetaskiwin. 30-11a.

LOST—From Wetaskiwin about September 1, find gelding, 4 yrs, with roach mane; also Sorrel mare, 5 yrs, each weighing about 950. Suitable reward. E. Berner, Phone 292, Wetaskiwin. 26-11a.

Auctioneer

AUCTION—For satisfaction and service, get Mitchell the Auctioneer, Member A.A.A. Auction sales conducted anywhere. Phone 15, Millet.

Wanted

GIRL WANTED—For general housework, good wages to capable girl. Apply to Mrs. V. C. French, Phone 134, Wetaskiwin. 28-11a.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—At once for work on farm, no outside work. Middle aged woman preferred, good wages. Apply to Phone R106, Wetaskiwin. 28-31a.

WANTED—Smart young man for delivery work, etc. Permanent position with promotion to satisfactory person. Christopher's Grocery.

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, ETC. ETC.

The undersigned Auctioneer has received instructions to sell by Public Auction at the residence of Mrs. Chas. Thomas, corner of Court House Ave. and Pearce St. East, opposite the Court House, in the City of Wetaskiwin, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20th.
At Two o'clock sharp, the following:
Dining Room Table; 6 Dining Chair; Buffet; Sewing Machine; Arm Chair; 2 Rocking Chairs; Morris Chair; Console Rug; Kimball Piano in A-1 order; Music Cabinet; 3 Centre Tables; 2 Hugs; Parlor Sofa; Large Lamp; Bookcase; 4 Dressers; 2 Cheffoniers; 4 Beds and Springs; 2 Clocks; Sewing Box; Washing Machine and Wringer; Whinnip Couch; a quantity of Fruit and Pickles; Kitchen Range, Malleable, in A-1 order; Kitchen Cabinet; Kitchen Table; quantity of Linoleum, dishes, and cooking utensils, Shot gun, Rifle and other articles too numerous to mention.

Absolutely No Reserve, as Mrs. C. Thomas is leaving the country. Sale Positive Rain, Snow or Shine.

TERMS—CASH.
Mrs. Chas. Thomas, Geo. L. Owen, Auctioneer
Watch for the Red Flag. 30-21a.

The Classified Ads will obtain for you just as good results as if you personally interviewed every person who reads it. If you have anything to sell, exchange buy or trade, then use the classified advertisement section.

NEW LAMP BURNS 94% AIR

BEATS ELECTRIC OR GAS

A new oil lamp that gives an amazingly brilliant, soft, white light, even better than gas or electricity, has been tested by the U.S. Government and 35 leading universities and found to be superior to 10 ordinary oil lamps. It burns without odor, smoke or noise—no pumping up, is simple, clean, safe. Burns 94% air and 6% common kerosene (real oil).

The inventor, J. C. Johnson, 679 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg, is offering to send a lamp on 10 days' FREE trial or even to give one FREE to the first user in each locality who will help him introduce it. Write him today for full particulars. Also ask him to explain how you can get the agency, and without experience or money make \$250 to \$500 per month. 28-101a

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 2nd November, 1923, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, three times per week on the route Millet R.R. No. 1, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

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Post Office Inspector's Office, Calgary, September 20, 1923.

D. A. Bruce,
28-31a. Post Office Inspector.

CHURCH CHIMES

FULL GOSPEL MISSION
Sunday school, 2 p.m.
Adult Bible class at 3 p.m.
Sunday night at 8 p.m.
Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 8 p.m.
Young People's meeting, Friday, 8 p.m.

NORWEGIAN LUTHERAN
Sunday, Oct. 14—
Instead of the usual morning service at Wang, and evening service in Wetaskiwin, there will be a combined service for the two congregations in Wetaskiwin at 2 p.m.

SALVATION ARMY
Thursday, 8 p.m.—Public meeting.
Saturday, 8 p.m.—Open air meeting.
Sunday, 11 a.m.—Holiness meeting.
3 p.m.—Sunday school.
7:30 p.m.—Salvation meeting.
All are heartily welcome.

IMMANUEL CHURCH
Sunday, Oct. 14—
Holy Communion, 8 a.m.
Matins, 11 a.m.
Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.

METHODIST CHURCH
Sunday, Oct. 14—
Services as usual at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.
Sunday school and bible class, 2:30 p.m.
Mr. W. H. Stearns will be the speaker at the evening service.
Rev. W. H. Irwin, pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Minister, Rev. A. L. Elliott, M.A., B.D.
Sunday, Oct. 14—
11 a.m.—"The Bible"
2:30 p.m.—S.S. and B.C. for Young People.
7:30 p.m.—"The Early Christian Church."

The Moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in Canada—Dr. Alfred Gandler, of Toronto—will visit Wetaskiwin on Wednesday, October 31, at 8 p.m. Keep this date open to hear the Moderator. Self Denial week falls between October 14th and 21st.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND, MILLET
Service will be held in the Church of the Latter Day Saints next Sunday, the 14th inst., at 11 a.m.
Everybody welcome.
Rev. A. B. Lane

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA
Pigeon Lake, 10:30 a.m.
Porto Bella, 1:30 p.m.
West Liberty, 3:30 p.m.
Millet, 7:30 p.m.
Rev. Percy Johnson, Pastor.

The Rev. Mr. Peck of B.C. came will address a mass meeting at Millet on the practical working of Government Control in British Columbia, on Friday, October 19th.

GAME TO THE LAST
An editor was dying, but when the doctor bent over, placed his ear on his breast, and said: "Poor man! Circulation almost gone!" the dying man shouted: "You're a liar! We have the largest circulation in the country!"
Automobilist.

BAILLIFF'S SALE
Under and by virtue of a Distress Warrant given by Canadian Avery Company Limited, to J. I. Poole, Acting Sheriff, Wetaskiwin Judicial District, and to me directed against the goods and chattels of Jack Malmas, named in the said Distress Warrant, I have seized the following goods, namely:

One Canadian Avery Gasoline Tractor, 25 horse power.
Which I shall expose for sale on Tuesday, the 16th day of October, 1923, at Massey Harris Warehouse, Railway Street West, Wetaskiwin, Alberta, at the hour of Three o'clock p.m.

Dated Wetaskiwin, October 9th, 1923
LOU HANNA
Bailliff.

NOTICE
To A. E. Latimer, Esq., Formerly of Edmonton and Wetaskiwin, in the Province of Alberta.

Take Notice that the undersigned have commenced an action against you in the District Court of the District of Wetaskiwin for the recovery of the balance owing by you to the said firm for Professional services rendered, and if you desire to dispute the said claim, you are required to file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the District of Wetaskiwin, a Dispute Note on or before the 9th day of November, 1923; otherwise Judgment may be signed against you by default for the said claim and costs.

Dated at this City of Wetaskiwin, in the Province of Alberta, this 9th day of October, A.D. 1923.
ODELL & RUSSELL,
30-21a. Wetaskiwin, Alta.

ELECTRIFYING THE C.P.R. IN THE MOUNTAINS

(Special to The Times)

If we could fly in a hydroplane for exactly 200 miles W.S.W. by the compass, from Wetaskiwin, we would be able to land in the south end of the Kinbasket Lake, located on the big bend of the Columbia river in B.C., in the midst of a paradise for hunters, trappers and lovers of the wilds. Or to trace a more practical land route we have to go out beyond Pigeon Lake, Buck Lake, and Wolf Creek to the Saskatchewan, then follow the Saskatchewan to Rocky Mountain House and Stollberg; leaving the railway at Stollberg we follow the Saskatchewan to about latitude 52° N, longitude 106° 30' W, where it joined by the Stollberg river. Following the southwest fork we proceed due west, after six miles southwest; continuing west for miles we reach a stream due southwest for twelve miles or so and pass a stream coming from the southeast, and another from the north-east, a mile or two further on. Turning due south we pass Glacier lake, and proceed to the source of the river. About seven or eight miles past the lake the river forks. If we follow the southeast branch we shall also cross Howe or Horse Pass, and strike the Blueberry river which flows south and southwest for about forty miles crossing the C.P.R. line to Vancouver near Moberley a few miles north of Golden, B.C. This has been done, if however, we follow the extreme westerly branch at this triple fork, which follows the central stream we shall enter Bush Pass, and come out on the southern fork of the Bush river. Proceeding along this river for about 40 miles, we shall reach the Columbia river at a point about 25 miles north of Beaver-mouth on the C.P.R. But what is that reaching noise?

Before us we see a great river rushing northwest. Proceeding with caution we see a bend ahead and beyond it a canyon formation. At the bend the river goes downhill so fast the slope of the water can be seen. If a canoe is shooting these rapids—well named the Surprise Rapids—it must at once steer for the outside of the big eddy on the left side of the river, not too far out and not too far in—just between. Then row hard for the bank and land. The eddy will whirl you ashore if you hit it right. If you don't, then it's goodbye; for you might as well go over Niagara. The whole river tumbles over, the "big drop" of the Columbia, about fifty feet in a sheet of spray with a roar that makes talking almost impossible. It is a 37 foot drop in 100 feet of length, to be exact to survey.

This is where the C.P.R. is planning to erect a dam across the Columbia with a water-drop of seventy-five feet clear and then use this head of water to generate electricity in a hydro electric plant at this point, in the near future. The first C.P.R. engines across the Rockies started road work in the Trans-Canada, does today in Russia. Then came the coal period when men killed themselves shoveling coal to get enough speed to make the grades. Then came the oil burners which we have today. But in a few years it will be goodbye to the steam locomotives on these mountain divisions, and "welcome" to the electric motor engines. Not only that, but such a water power will mean cheap electricity for light and power all up and down the C.P.R. lines where the electric trains are run.

Remembering what water power has done around Niagara Falls and Vancouver, the people of the northern part of East Kootenay, B.C., are feeling very optimistic owing to recent developments and announcements of future plans in this district.

The C.P.R. has a route surveyed from Beaver-mouth on the left bank of the Columbia to Surprise Rapids, in connection with the construction of a railway to take in material to build their dam and the hydro electric plant.

Although nothing official has been given out, nor is likely to be until the C.P.R. is ready to talk—the company has been working quietly on these plans and surveys of the dam site and the railway branch for the past three years. During the last few weeks they have started the survey of another route for their projected railway from Beaver to Surprise Rapids, in connection with the proposed electrification scheme for this division, which is now considered to be a certainty before long. The line already surveyed is not altogether satisfactory, and it is thought that an improvement can be made on the right hand side of the Columbia, especially in the vicinity of Bush River.

On top of this projected work comes the announcement by the local M.L.A. for B.C. (East Kootenay, northern division) to his friends that the B.C. government intend to put in a road and open up the "Big Bend" country in the near future with an automobile.

A few miles north of this proposed hydro electric plant is the Kinbasket Lake before mentioned. Those who know it say that for game, minerals, timber and natural beauty this lake and the Big Bend district of the Columbia is without an equal in Canada. But at present it is most inaccessible except by a flying boat, which could land on the lake.

When the C.P.R. was under construction, the great engineer, Moberley, strongly advocated building the road north along the Columbia to the top of the Big Bend and then striking off north of Shuswap Lake to Kamloops, ignoring Glacier, Revelstoke, Sicamous altogether. His advice was not followed and the C.P.R. has been sorry ever since. They soon found the old Rogers Pass line impossible for heavy traffic with its miles of snowdrifts, loops and grades. They built the Connaught tunnel, costing millions, to improve matters, but did it?

Perhaps the present generation will yet see the C.P.R. building that originally proposed route around the Big Bend. This proposed hydro electric branch will be a twenty-five mile stretch of such a loop road anyway. Moberley knew the country and the great natural wealth of that district and knew what he was talking about. But the other man, Rogers, who did not know the country, was allowed to have his own way.

Up in the Kinbasket country there are glaciers that make the one at Glacier, B.C., look like a false alarm. They are huge sheets of blue, pink and emerald and changing colors. The lake is a lovely emerald. There is timber enough there for fifty years' cutting. Gold is showing in the rock, but is inaccessible to work. The streams and lakes are full of trout, ling, (which is superior to the muddy-tasting Alberta ling), suckers, and the mountain fish. The wild game is so plentiful that hunters and trappers find no difficulty in living off the country in winter and coming out with huge catches of fur. This is owing to the fact that this district is just south of Jasper Park and Mount Robson Park and is just north of the old parks on the C.P.R. line, and so replenished with game from the national parks. At present it is only accessible through the passes mentioned from the Saskatchewan basin, and the Athabasca and "yellowhead" passes which give access to the Canoe and Wood rivers flowing into the top of the Big Bend. The only other way is down the dangerous Columbia, full of rapids, only navigable to expert canoe men who know the river perfectly. And no one can hope to get into the country, or live in it who is not an expert woodsman and hunter, used to negotiating rivers and lakes.

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government propose to build roads and railways into this country, and future hydro electric seems certain, it is quite possible that this district, lying as it does on the route of the Trans-Canada highway through Calgary and Kamloops, may be a great holiday resort for all America, and a prosperous industrial district some day.

Yours truly,
Fred H. Nichols,
Golden, B.C.

HOW THE DISASTER OCCURRED

A gentleman in Cincinnati employs two negroes to work in his rather extensive gardens, which he personally oversees. One morning Sam did not appear. "Where is Sam, George?" he asked. "In de hospital, sah." "In the hospital. Why, how in the world did that happen?" "Well, Sam, he been a-telling me ev'ry mornin' foh ten years he gwine lick his wife 'cause of her nagging." "Well?" "Well, yestiddy she done overhauled him."

Vancouver will be in a position to handle about fifty or sixty million bushels of grain during the coming season, port authorities state. Alberta and western Saskatchewan have over double that quantity of wheat seeking market.

Handouts of fifty or sixty million bushels of grain during the coming season, port authorities state. Alberta and western Saskatchewan have over double that quantity of wheat seeking market.

Poultry Wanted

No. 1 Chickens, 3½ lbs up, 12c lb
No. 2 Chickens, 2 to 3½ lbs 10c lb
No. 1 Hens, 4½ lbs up 7c lb
No. 2 Hens, under 4½ lbs 5c lb
Geese, Ducks and Turkeys not wanted

We expected to ship a car of poultry about the 9th of this month, but after advertising and phoning, we find that the poultry is not quite ready, so we have cancelled the order for the car for the present, but will ship car lots later in the season when farmers are not quite so busy.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Our elevators will be prepared to handle "Pool Wheat" as well as "Graded Storage" and Straight Cash wheat. Phone the buyers any time you want to arrange for "Special Bins," at Wetaskiwin, Gwynne, Hobbema, and Ponoka.

Wetaskiwin Produce Co.

Phone 69 Wetaskiwin

Good Advertising Pays Its Own Way

To Advertise Is One Thing---To Advertise At A Profit Is The Real Objective

Good and bad seasons are largely a state of mind. The man who is big enough to make his own conditions never has any "bad" seasons. Equalizing business throughout the year is simply a matter of education—education by way of intelligent advertising.

WHO ARE YOUR PROSPECTIVE CUSTOMERS? Mail your sales message DIRECT to them and eliminate waste circulation. Don't wait for that "beaten path to your door", let the Wetaskiwin Times pave the way.

We are a nation of headline readers; therefore you've got to say what you have to say with a PUNCH. You might hit the bull's-eye with bird shot. You CAN hit it with a .44. You might reach your customers with general advertising. You WILL with direct advertising in THE WETASKIWIN TIMES.

SHOP WHERE YOU ARE INVITED TO SHOP

The Wetaskiwin Times

The Logical Advertising Medium for Wetaskiwin District

One or One Thousand

Did you ever think of advertising as multiplying yourself as many times as you have created a thought by this means in other persons? You can speak to comparatively few individuals, but you can talk to hundreds and thousands of people through the medium of advertising. The advertising dealer has been talking to numbers of people all through the year. He doesn't know how far his building or repair work ideas have spread nor does he know all the people in whose minds they have lodged. Some may be living twenty miles from his office and, perhaps, so strongly has he impressed them with his service ideas, they will write him or drive over to investigate what he has to offer.

Save Money

By having your Auto Tops and Side Curtains repaired by us.

We will also supply new tops and curtains if required.

Prices Moderate

J. F. RICHARDS

Harness Maker

Ry. St. W. Wetaskiwin

Edmonton Weekly News Bulletin

Keen Interest in Alberta Seed Grain
As a result of the cooperative marketing service and seed grain cleaning plant established last year by the provincial department of agriculture, a very keen interest has been developed in Alberta's seed wheat in eastern Canada and the United States. More than 600 prospective buyers of this seed grain are now on the lists of the department, and inquiries concerning the seed are being received every day. Some of the most recent inquiries have come from Minnesota, Iowa, South Dakota and North Dakota. An interesting experiment is being conducted in South Dakota between Marquis and Ruby wheat on the points of comparative resistance to rust, maturity and yield.

Shipments of seed grain from inspected fields will commence arriving at the provincial plant shortly for cleaning. Applications from seed growers to send to the plant are now being received until October 12, after which applications will not be received, if the limit of the capacity of the plant has been reached.

Increase in the Use of Separators
Indication of a considerable increase in the number of threshing machines being used in the province in comparison with last year, is given in the number of threshers receiving licenses. To date approximately 4,000 licenses have been issued, in comparison with 3,700 last year.

Grain Exhibits for Chicago
Assembling of grain exhibits from farmers of the province, who intend to enter at the International Hay and

Grain Show in Chicago in December, will commence shortly. "There will be three assembling points of the seed of agriculture at Chatham and Olds and the university at Edmonton. From these assembling points the provincial department of agriculture is arranging to pay the freight on exhibits to Chicago."

New Railway in Irrigation Belt
President Beatty of the C.P.R. during a visit to Lethbridge the past week, announced definitely the intention of the company to construct the proposed branch line across from Klipp to the Little Bow to connect with the Lomond-Surfleet line. This new branch will traverse a large part of the country covered by the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation district, which is now being colonized.

Preparing for Plebiscite
Shipment of instructions to returning officers in preparation for the plebiscite on the liquor question November 5, was practically completed this week by John D. Hunt, clerk of the executive council.

Theatre Tax Higher
Amusement tax receipts are this year considerably in excess of last year. From January 1st to the end of September, in 1922, the government share of the amusement revenue was \$126,717.13. This year the government share of amusement revenue will be in the vicinity of \$143,200. For this period last year Calgary returns were \$47,579.50, this year \$51,330, while Edmonton was a close second in each instance with \$35,444.10 in 1922 and \$49,608.50 this year. The total revenue to the government from this tax in 1922 was \$183,333.61.

Swine Judging Competition
Several members of the Red Deer Boys' and Girls' Swine Club were competitors in a swine judging competition held at the Red Deer school fair. The first three members will be chosen as a team of three to compete in an inter club swine judging competition which will be held at the Calgary fall show and sale November 6 to 9.

STORING OF VEGETABLES

Storing vegetables in a climate where the November snow remains unmelting till April and where the winter temperature frequently reaches to forty below and sometimes does not rise to ten below for weeks at a time is very different from storing vegetables in climates milder than that of the Canadian west. There may be methods of pitting roots and potatoes but many tons of vegetables have been lost by attempting to store them in pits as recommended for places further east and south.

A good cellar under the dwelling house is an ideal place for limited quantities but where large amounts are stored for sale or for seed stock an outside root cellar will be found most satisfactory. Different types have been tried at the Dominion experimental station, Southern Saskatchewan, and a blue print plan of the one that has proved very satisfactory may be had by applying to the superintendent.

Roots, including turnips, carrots, beets and parsnips will rot if piled with too much circulation of air and carrots and parsnips and to a lesser extent the other roots rot if piled immediately after digging in such a way as to exclude the air. When left to dry off in the field and then stored in large bins with plenty of ventilation for the first two or three weeks there is little danger of roots or potatoes suffering throughout the winter. This, of course, is conditional upon the temperature remaining between 32 and 40 degrees. By watching the doors and shutters the first two or three weeks the temperature can be brought down to this. When cold weather sets in the difficulty is to hold the temperature from going down too low which can only be done by means of a properly constructed cellar. When small quantities of roots are stored they keep best in an ordinary house cellar by putting them in boxes and filling the interspace with sand. If this is carefully done the roots come out as crisp in April as when they were put in. Cabbages keep fairly well if hung by the roots to beams in the cellar. If the cellar is very damp sometimes the leaves rot and the heads become moldy. They may be kept equally well on slatted shelves. Cabbage can also be kept frozen by leaving in a pile covered slightly with straw. Freezing affects the flavor slightly.

Frost injures onions but they may be kept very satisfactorily in a dry cellar in thin layers on slatted shelving. Celery has been kept crisp until March by planting close together in rows about six inches apart in about four inches of soil on the cellar floor. It requires watching and if in

ONE 50c BOX BROUGHT HEALTH

Years of Constipation Ended By "Fruit-a-tives"

The Wonderful Fruit Medicine
Anyone who suffers with miserable health; who is tortured with headaches; and who is unable to get any real pleasure out of life; will be interested in this letter of Mrs. Martha de Wolfe of East Ship Harbor, N.S.

Mrs. de Wolfe says, "For years I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicine seemed to help me. Then I tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and the effect was splendid; and after taking only one box I was completely relieved and now feel like a new person."

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.

At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

clined to become dry must be watered. Do not allow the water to enter the hearts of the plants but pour the water between the rows. Keep the cellar dark.

Fresh rhubarb may be had through out the winter by digging up a large plant and allowing it to freeze. Plant it then in a box of earth in the cellar and water it regularly. Very tender stocks develop. —Experimental Farm Note.

HOW TO GROW FLOWERING BULBS FOR THE HOUSE

With attention to the essentials, there is no reason why one should not have at trifling cost bloom from bulbs during the winter months, and enjoy in fact a veritable winter garden. This is no new theory, as winter gardening with bulbs has been practised in Canada as long as bulbs have been known, but the "when" and "how" are not as generally understood as they should be, and failure sometimes is the outcome.

Bulbs for the house may be grown in soil and pots, in fibre and vases, in water and pebbles, in moss and air plants. This article will deal only with the soil and pot method.

The planting of bulbs for the house after October is a wasteful effort. Have you ever grown hyacinths where the flowers would color while still hidden away down in the foliage? That is one of the results of late planting. Two-thirds of the stunted flowers of tulips and daffodils are due to the same cause.

Freeseas should be potted in August, lilies, Roman hyacinths, paperwhite narcissus in September; Dutch hyacinths, tulips, daffodils, jonquils, crocus, from September to October, and city of the valley, in November and December.

If bulbs for the house are to be grown in pots, the soil should either be a compost such as gardeners use, or a good live garden loam, to which should be added one third leaf mould, and one third decayed stable manure and sharp sand. Those who have no garden, can purchase the right kind of soil from the seedman at a moderate price. Do not use spent soil such as that from window boxes, as to do so is to invite failure.

In the bottom of the pot should first be placed some broken pieces of crockery to provide drainage. Fill two-thirds full with soil, place bulbs and cover to within half an inch of the top of the pot to allow for watering. With hyacinths, daffodils and narcissus, the nose of the bulb should protrude from the soil after potting is finished; other kinds should be completely covered. Then give the pots a thorough soaking.

With the exception of Freeseas, Oxalis, Callas and lilies, all potted bulbs should be stored away in a dark cool place for the purpose of making roots.

Shortness of Breath Palpitation of Heart

Fainting Spells

At 80 Years of Age

Mrs. M. O'Connor, Whitesboro, Ont., writes:—"I have been troubled, most of my life, with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart and fainting spells. I was advised by a friend to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I did, and at once found relief, and I have never had a really bad spell since."

I am 80 years of age and always keep them in the house, and when I feel any symptoms of my old trouble coming on all I have to do is to take a few doses. With the help of your Pills I expect to see many years yet. I always recommend them to any one who is suffering from heart trouble."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price, by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Do not attempt to force top growth until there is ample root growth to support it.

The usual place for indoor storage is the cellar or the attic or any spare room, where there is darkness and ventilation, and where the temperature ranges from 40 to 50 degrees. Not only should the temperature be low, but it should not vary to a great extent.

It should be remembered that it is much easier to grow Dutch and Roman hyacinths, jonquils and daffodils and paperwhite narcissus than other bulbs, and those whose storage conditions are not ideal should limit themselves to the aforementioned classes.

The chief difficulty with bulbs stored indoors is to keep the moisture from evaporating from the soil and still not apply water direct. They must not be allowed to dry out. Should the soil become dry, bind bulbs with result, that is to say, there will be foliage but no flowers. For this the bulbs are favorably blanketed. It is, therefore, advisable to sprinkle the floor shelving, etc. at least once a week.

To have a succession of flowers, it is not necessary to pot at different periods. Pot all at one time and bring out a batch from storage every week. The time required for storage and root development is as follows: paperwhites, 6 weeks; Roman hyacinths, 8 weeks; Dutch hyacinths, 14 weeks; daffodils, jonquils, narcissus, 12 weeks and crocus, snow drops, scillas, 16 weeks.

After bringing from storage the pots should be placed in indirect light for a few days where the temperature is about 50 degrees. The idea is that the increase of light and heat should be gradual. From now on they must be carefully watered. They may now be brought to the living room and placed in the window, but should be protected from frost at night.

BEAUTY OF POVERTY

Sometimes, when I push my lorry, chugging through the drowsy town, I am feeling rather sorry that I have kopecks salted down. For the news somehow's been bruited everywhere that salesmen dwell, and around me they have roared for the stocks they have to sell. They are bound to have the bundle I have labored for so long, and along my track they trundle slag still their siren song. Oh, they talk to me by wireless, and they ring me up by phone; they are patient, they are tireless, and their nerve is hard as stone. Now, my neighbor, Blix, is busted, and he has a solemn men; he is savage and disgusted when he ought to be serene. He can sit beneath his cedar when the evening whistles yell, and behold no long-tongued pleader with a crude oil farm to sell. He can canter in his Lizzie, which is mortgaged to the wheels, and no agents will get busy with their get-rich-early spools. Up and down the street he'll wander and no man will tell a tale of the gold mine over yonder where the easy comings wait. But I have some boarded shillings, and behind me agents wait, all intent on making killings, and they'll get me in the end.—Walt Mason.

The Logical Place

The logical place for stocks and bonds, wills, insurance policies is in a Safety Deposit Box. Not only will they be safe from fire and theft, but they will be in a convenient and known place when they are wanted. Rent a Safety Deposit Box at this Bank. It costs little—it means much.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

WETASKIWIN BRANCH N. W. WRIGHT, Manager
Branches at Mill-Hill, Perintosh and New Norway.

The Building Season Is Here

Remember that we can furnish you with the best of material. Call in and inspect our stock. We will appreciate your visit.

See our Stock of Screen Doors Before you Buy.

Also ask to see our Lamateo—You can make anything out of this beautiful board.

Agents for B.L.K. Milker

The Imperial Lumber Co. Ltd.

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COAL DELIVERED FOR

\$6.00 per Ton

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Save Money by Seeing Our Lines of PIPE and PIPELESS FURNACES

Stock Tanks and Tank Heaters always on hand All jobbing attended to while you wait

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Mr. Thresher

If you need a Separator on short notice, I can get you an Aultman Taylor New Century in 36 Hours after your order is accepted.

Thos. Toreson

Agent for the

Wetaskiwin District

YOUR EARNING POWER

depends upon your training and qualifications. The Extension Department of

ALBERTA COLLEGE NORTH

can prepare you for a professional or commercial career.

Attend Nigrt School or Study at Home

Night classes are prepared for Wetaskiwin if sufficient students enroll. Instruction by correspondence for those unable to attend day or evening classes

Full particulars from David Hoyle, B.Sc. (Hon.) Principal Wetaskiwin High School or write to F. S. McCall, B.A., Principal Alberta College North

AUCTIONEERING

GET F. J. KLAAS

The Auctioneer with years of experience, to cry your sales.

Farm and Live Stock Sales a Specialty TERMS REASONABLE

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Cylinders Rebored

And Over-size Pistons Fitted in all Cars and Tractors

ALL KINDS OF MACHINE WORK Promptly Done, and at the Right Price

Faulkner's Garage

Lansdowne St. E.

Opp. U.F.A. Store

FREE AIR FOR YOUR TIRES

MOBILE AND POLARINE OIL WE FEATURE DOMINION TIRES REPAIRS FOR DODGE, OVERLAND, McLAUGHLIN CARS FORD AND CHEVROLET SERVICE STATION OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING IGNITION WORK A SPECIALTY

AUTO LIVERY AT ALL HOURS

Careful Drivers

Licensed Chauffeurs

Call for Special Service Car for Prompt Assistance

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THE WETASKIWIN GARAGE

Ness & Carlson, Props.

PEARCE STREET EAST

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Canada's Standard Smoke

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(Successor to Dr. J. Sweeney)

Special attention to Surgery and Diseases of Women and Children

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Formerly Assistant General Hospital

Vienna, Austria.

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Office—Over Star Store

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HANSEN HAS THROWN HIS CRUTCHES AWAY

"Tanlac is the only thing I can give my credit for helping me," is the precise statement, made, recently, by C. B. Hansen, a well known carpenter 12355 121st St., West Edmonton, Alberta.

"For three years I had rheumatism so bad in my right hip and foot that I couldn't hit a lick of work. In fact, I couldn't get around at all without my cane or crutches. My pain was almost unbearable. I couldn't sleep and got down to a mere shadow of my old self."

HER SON'S CHOICE

(Continued from page 2)

"I hoped it would be useless to appeal to you," said Mrs. Priestley indignantly. "Come, my dear Miss Thrawn, be sensible about it. What would you do in diplomatic circles?"

"Hold my own, I hope. I am well dressed even if I am poor, and I trust my own inherent worth." There was a blaze of indignation behind the answer. "Of course, I would have many things to learn," she continued in a milder tone, "but I intend to make Dan's future my own and to help him all I can. Besides, so many women of our nation have risen from obscurity to triumphantly share the honors of their famous husbands, that I should be ashamed to think it impossible for me."

"That was it, the woman reflected—these upstart things. Yesterday people were born in position, and eminence; that was in her time. Today every one thought these things theirs by right and grew up to them. Still she was firm.

"But Dan must marry money. He will need a great deal of it; even more than his father left. You cannot give him that."

"Oh," cried the girl. "Is that what you hope for him? Is that your ideal for so fine a son?"

"I am thinking only of his welfare—of what is best for him," stammered the mother, driven to defend herself. "You would warp anything that was best in him! He would fall back and be a nobody. He has always had too much money and too little responsibility; that is one of the reasons he has not begun to use his splendid talents until now, when some of your family investments have been swept away."

"I know because Dan confided in me," she explained, answering a forbidding look. "What Dan needs is work, work, work! His strong body and powerful, searching mind call out for incentive, ambition, and effort that they may express themselves. Think how much his idealistic nature would suffer. You would make him a bitter, disappointed, disillusioned man at middle age. It isn't whether Dan marries me or not, though I love him so much," she went on with earnest pleading, "it's that he must marry some honest girl who will give him richly from a heart and mind that answers his, not some one who is merely seeking to make a splendid match. He must have a wife who will understand his ideals and sympathize with his ambitions. To have money and make a worldly show are too petty aims to satisfy your son's soul, and he would soon revolt from the slavery of such a marriage and be miserably unhappy. It is your pride that demands a wealthy wife for him and not your true woman's heart. Do you know," she continued, her ringing voice softened with disappointment and pain. "I had thought so differently of you. I thought Dan was so wonderful a man he must have a wonderful mother to have made him so noble—and I was afraid of you."

There was no hint of fear in the girl's voice now.

The baffled diplomat rose in dismissal. "I certainly consider your refusal to release my son from his impulsive and youthful engagement the most selfish thing on your part, Miss Thrawn, and I shall do everything in my power to put an end to the attachment. I shall leave it to Dan's wisdom to make the decision."

"And Dan says he has decided," the girl said gently, as she also rose. "You would not it serves your purpose. I shouldn't love Dan if it would." This last with the certainty of her lover's devotion and fond pride in him.

The two women faced each other.

A slam of the front door, a gust of wind from outside, a resonant masculine voice asking questions of the maid, the curtains drawn aside—there stood Dan!

"Oh, here you are!" He thrust his mother's arms full of flowers and dropped a box of bon-bons on the floor as he took his beloved in his arms. "I had a few hours off this afternoon and went up to see you, Rachel, but you weren't home, and your landlady said you told her you were going to call on a lady in Rosemount Square

"My case was so stubborn that it took a long hard pull, but Tanlac finally brought me around in fine shape. It gave me a fine appetite and such complete relief from the rheumatism that I put my crutches aside and went back to work. It increased my weight twenty-five pounds and left me feeling like a new man."

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so I caught on in a minute. Glad to see me? And say, don't scold me for not working. It's the first Saturday afternoon I've taken since you went for me about it." His lips were gone, firm and full, and fairly shone with a quiet and shyly unresponsive to his gaze. Her eyes looked straight into his as if they owned to all the world that she and this splendid man understood each other's hearts, and she need practise no conceit to keep his love.

"I am so glad to see you two together, the two finest women in the world. Rachel wouldn't come sooner, she's so humble and shy, but you'll forgive her, won't you mother, and put her at her ease—and I never could manage to smuggle you off to see her, but Rachel doesn't mind that, do you, sweetheart?"

The girl smiled with loving understanding into his eyes.

"And now let's have some tea. Conversation is so much more cheerful when there's tea to go with it. Do you know when I have a hard case to fight I always wish I could get my opponent or his client in front of a fireplace with a cup of tea." He swept them into the room beyond with his love, living, ardent, headless of his mother's murmur. "But Miss Thrawn hasn't time, dear," and took the flowers from her hands, placed them on a table, seated the two women, bestowed a kiss on each, and sat down himself.

"We'll have 10 minutes, take them and stand them in water," he said, referring to the flowers. "It is 10 minutes yet, isn't it, mother? You see," he explained turning to the girl, "our housekeeper is an old and valued treasure. She is very fussy and has the most precise ways of doing things. Consequently, we put off with many maids, while she remains on. I tell you, if she is with us now—she was this morning—has been with us three weeks and is quite like an old friend."

"Oh, now, Dan!" remonstrated his mother, smiling at his irresistible raillery and his delicious boyishness. It seemed as if he had taken on something, at least, a little kind and friendly from his presence.

"How dear of Dan to include me so warmly," thought the girl, "to try to make me feel at home, to talk to me as one of the family."

Now, while I have you two women together for the first time I am going to make it memorable to each of you. I can, by showing you that I do feel the proper amount of appreciation of all you mean to me. As I was bringing you in here I felt that a man might go anywhere, might reach any heights, with two such women as you behind him. Mother, you know, Rachel, has been for my highest good always. Mrs. Priestley taught me all I know of chivalry, of honor, of courtesy; who fed my boy's soul on ambition and success. His eyes asked indulgence of the younger woman for his mother's unmentioned but lavishly acknowledged fault. The girl readily saw how much of the gloriously splendid mother she owed to the woman before her and how much she could love the best in Dan's mother if only she were allowed.

She told me so much of my father's honorable career on the bench and my grand father's position and influence that I knew she expected me to live up to them both. Dan continued, "She has always held a high standard before me and when tempted at all to go wild with other careless moneyed fellows, it was her teachings which held me back. She has done everything she could for me since father died when I was only a little fellow. You will love her for this I know. It is not in your generous nature to do otherwise." Again his eyes pleaded silently and he was acquiesced.

Mother dear, you gave me all one person could give me and more, but I have no mothers here give, but," said he, looking at her fairly, "there was that hidden in me which someone else could only discover, latent gifts that needed another personality to call them into expression. It was Tanlac who gave me that. Mother, she is so good so precious, I am not worthy of one bit of her." So unlike Dan; the

note of humility she always missed in his voice was there now; forceful in its earnestness, thought his mother. "For the first time I begin to feel how much women care for men; how much a man's welfare, happiness and success depend upon the woman who is with him, on whether they are solidly and harmoniously backing him and believing in him. It means everything to me and my future that you and Rachel are what you are—dear and womanly, yet so different. The time has come when I need you both and now, proud I am to know that two such wonderful women as you can never fail me." He was speaking to them both now. His hand had reached out and placed itself endearingly over Rachel's what that lay at the edge of the table. "It is you two who give me faith in myself, who help me to outgrow my weaknesses and live up to my full strength, and without either of you I must fall short. Wise women that you are, you know that. But do you know," he went on in his winning, pleasant way. "I wish I hadn't hurried in quite so soon today when Rachel had just come and you hadn't time to talk yet. So I am going to leave you alone," but his eyes twinkled here, Rachel wondered, "and give you a chance to begin to know each other."

Dear old Dan! Did he really think she had just arrived when he saw her standing in the drawing room, still in her hat and coat, or did he know? Her eyes sought his with the question and she fancied she found a hint of quizzical amusement in their blue depths, but there was a quiet strength in his manner that showed he felt himself master of the situation.

Mrs. Priestley was a thoroughbred. When the inevitable arrived she did not quarrel with the occasion, but sportingly met the emergency. No circumstance ever got the better of her. With the quick intuitions of a worldly woman, she saw all that was at stake. She must lose her son and see him making his way in the world without her, or she must hold him by giving him up to this girl who, to her justice, no longer looked commonplace. Mrs. Priestley's mind stopped quickly across a great gulf which her son talked in the end she would be beaten—then she would submit gracefully before this was any open contest.

"You're tired, son. Go off and rest a bit. Rachel will stay with us by dinner, won't you dear?" came to the same well bred even tones. "I'll take her upstairs and have her freshen up a bit. Never mind your clothes, my child. Dan and I are glad to have you just as you are."

"Thank you so much. You are very kind," answered Dan's fiancée, scarcely realizing that this white haired, aristocratic old lady was really captivated.

"Not at all. By the way, Dan, there's a picture of your hero for your room—a copy from a recent portrait and rather well done—on the top of the squatty bookcase over there. I saw it at the bookseller's this morning, and I knew you'd like to have it."

Mrs. Priestley was rapidly stepping back into her old role—a privileged woman, loved, honored, petted.

Dan picked up the picture. The kind, wise face of David Lloyd George with its broad brow, its fringe of white hair, its twinkling eyes and humorous mouth looked out at him. Rachel came to peep over his shoulder and Dan turned to look at her.

"I never can decide whether he is a politician or the greatest statesman on earth, but I believe him to be both in his own great way. I admire him and look up to him more than any man living. It's a fine picture—Isn't he great?"

"He is," said the girl simply. Her eyes met her lover's. "But you are just as great!" they said.

"I will be for your sake," answered his.

The mist cleared away from Mrs. Priestley's eyes. For this time she saw her son as a man, an independent

being, with individual rights and privileges, who need have none of her unless he chose. In that moment she learned to respect the sacredness of his decisions, to leave him, love and freedom.

"I suspect," said Dan's mother with a sort of amused philosophical wry-

ness, as her son left the room, "that I never have managed Dan at all; he has been managing me. I can see that it is going to take both of us to keep him in order."

"That's very clever of you," smiled the girl, but we must never let him discover it."

"And now, my dear," said Mrs. Priestley, as the maid had taken away the tea things, "draw up your chair before the fire, and let us plan the wedding. You can leave your school at Christmas, I suppose. You two have nothing to wait for so I can't see why it shouldn't be soon."

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The announced change in the price of the Ford Sedan to \$685 and the Coupe to \$595—\$100 in each case below the former list price—has brought an unexpected volume of sales.

In view of the limited number we have allotted to us we are forced to book orders strictly in rotation and to deliver them accordingly.

Take advantage of these prices now. We will not be able to get more than this number of these cars when our allotment is sold.

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THAT, with the cash donations from the towns and cities, the Alberta Division quota of \$55,000 will be reached easily. This plan has the endorsement and recommendation of

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YOUR RED CROSS calls upon you again in the name of suffering humanity to give from your plenty for the benefit of those less fortunate. 82 per cent of all monies collected will be spent on RED CROSS ACTIVITIES IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA, such as rural hospitals, nursing service, etc. 18 per cent will be Alberta's share for Japanese Disaster Relief.

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Canadian Red Cross Society

Alberta Division

If you prefer to make your donation in cash, mail your cheque to: The Honorary Secretary, Canadian Red Cross Society, Alberta Division, 208 Beveridge Building, Calgary.

TOWN TOPICS

The Ladies' Aid of the Scandinavian Lutheran church will meet at the home of Mrs. Lou Hanna on Wednesday afternoon, October 17th.

Miss Mina Knowlton left on Saturday for Vancouver, where she will visit for a few weeks. She may spend the winter in California.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Griffith went to Calgary on Saturday, where they spent a couple of days with relatives and friends.

The regular monthly meeting of the Willing Workers will be held at the home of Mrs. J. C. McKay on Tuesday, October 16th, at 4 p.m.

Miss Signe Nelson and brother, who have been visiting in the city for some time, returned to their home in Seattle this week.

The public works committee commenced gravelling Pearce street a few days ago. The gravel is being hauled from the pit five miles east of the city.

The Blue Lantern was closed down temporarily on Monday, but arrangements have been made for the use of the premises at any time by local organizations.

The chicken supper given in the Blue Lantern by the ladies of the Methodist church on Saturday evening last was a decided success. Nearly \$100.00 was realized.

Mrs. Maues of Calgary, has been spending the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Torson and other friends. She returns to her home on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Torson and baby, of Gilson, Alberta, motored down to spend the week end visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Torson.

Mr. Collison, who has been clerk at the Dravid hotel for several years, left a few days ago for Edmonton where he has secured a position as clerk in the Yale.

The Women's Auxiliary of the Social Service will hold a sale of home-made cooking in the Banner Store on Saturday, October 20, from three to six o'clock.

Several members of the O.E.S. went to Lacombe Tuesday evening to pay a friendly visit to the chapter there. It is reported that a good time was spent.

H. C. Moffat of Vancouver arrived in the district a few days ago to renew acquaintances, and to look after his farming interests. He looks as though the coast agrees with him.

Messrs. J. D. Cowan and Sam Baxter left on a motor trip to Jasper Park on Saturday last, making the trip each way in two days. They report having a good outing, but found the roads quite rough in some places.

An edict in The Times pays. A few days ago a subscriber advertised for a girl, and received applications the first day the paper was in circulation. The position was filled the following day.

TOWN TOPICS

The W.M.S. of the Methodist church will hold a bazaar on Saturday, November 24th. Particulars later.

The Women's Auxiliary of Immanuel church will hold a bazaar on Saturday, December 5th. Particulars later.

Mr. J. Astner of Haines, Oregon, arrived in the district a few days ago to look after business interests and to renew acquaintance of old friends. He travelled by automobile, and reports having had a good trip.

J. J. Burns has been promoted to the position of section foreman near Veld-on, the Lacombe-Coronation line—and leaves on Thursday to take up his new duties. The family will join him in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Caldwell and child of Spokane, Wash., spent several days of the past week guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Torson. They motored out to Home Glen on Monday.

Ever O. Olesberg, of Bawit, died a few days ago at the age of seventy-five years. In 1905 he took up a homestead forty miles east of Wetaskiwin, hence is one of the early settlers of the community.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fowler left on Sunday night for the west. Mr. Fowler will go through to Toronto to attend a committee meeting of the Methodist church, and Mrs. Fowler will visit her sister-in-law at Kinley, Sask.

The committee of the Children's Recreation Club wishes to notify all 'teen' age girls and boys that they are at liberty to use the tennis court until the end of the season, whether they are members or not. Requests can be hired at the court at 5 cents per racket as usual.

It is not yet too late to order your calendars and novelties for next Christmas and New Year's. The Times has a very choice range of samples and can have your requirements supplied in good time, providing the order is received during the next few days.

What might have been a serious accident happened Tuesday morning as the way freight to Hardisty was going up the Gwynne hill. For some unknown reason one of the driving wheels of the engine broke and the engine was left stranded and had to be pulled back into the yards here to clear the track. Fortunately none of the cars left the track, and nobody was injured.

George Russell, who has been the obliging Dominion Express delivery man here for some time, was promoted to Cranbrook, B.C. last week, and left on Saturday to take up his new duties. George has a host of friends who are glad to know of his promotion. Mrs. Russell will leave in a few days to join her husband or as soon as a house can be secured at Cranbrook.

Dr. Stevenson went to Calgary Monday night to attend the funeral of his father-in-law, the late Joseph Cobble-dick, who passed away Sunday evening. As Mr. Cobble-dick was a frequent visitor in Wetaskiwin, he was known to quite a large number of the citizens. The remains are being taken on to the old home town, Exeter, Ontario, for interment. Dr. Stevenson returned home Wednesday morning, but Mrs. Stevenson will remain in Calgary for a few days before returning home.

P. Francoeur from Camrose figured in an automobile accident on the Calgary trail just north of Kavanagh on Thursday evening. Not noticing the turn he crashed into the ditch and was thrown through the windshield. Another motorist found him wandering in a dazed condition and brought him into Dr. Woods' surgery. He was suffering from loss of blood, the cuts on the face requiring ten stitches, in addition to two broken ribs. A man from Mountain did not notice the same turn yesterday, resulting in his car turning completely upside down; he himself escaping without injury.—Le-due Representative.

Wetaskiwin Markets

October 10, 1923

No. 1 Northern	75
No. 2 Northern	72
No. 3 Northern	67
No. 4 Northern	59
Oats	34 - 44
Barley	19 - 27
Steers	2.00 - 4.00
Cows	2.00 - 3.00
Hogs	8.00
Sheep	6.00
Lambs	9.00 - 10.00
Eggs	25
Butter	35 - 36
Potatoes	35

BUSINESS LOCALS

***Read the Lawson Store advt. for the Saturday Specials.

***Auction Sale of Household Effects. Mrs. L. F. Gassner has decided not to sell the contents of her home by Private Sale, and has reserved, Saturday, October 27, for the sale at Owen's Corner, east side of track, Geo. L. Owen, Auctioneer. Watch this paper next week.

***The Lawson Store for new Fall and Winter wear at keen prices.

***The Wetaskiwin Produce Co. finds that the poultry is not in a fit condition to ship at the present time, so have cancelled the car ordered for October 9th. Car lots will be shipped later in the season. See advt.

***Miss Hinchberger wishes to announce that she has moved her place of business to the building now occupied by Dr. Sutherland, where she will be pleased to welcome her customers. The entrance is at the west door.

***"Soul of the Beast" a Metro special, is coming to the Angus on Friday and Saturday, a story of the circus that will please all children from 7 to 70; also two reel comedy that you will rave over. Popular

prices. On Tuesday and Wednesday, Thomas McElhan in "If You Believe It, It's So."

***Prof. W. M. Touche, a graduate of the Chicago Musical College, and a resident of Lacombe, will visit Wetaskiwin weekly to teach Violin and Piano. For special introductory rates phone Mrs. H. B. Hanson, Wetaskiwin, at which place Prof. Touche will teach for the present. Classes will open up Monday, October 15, and each Monday following. Reserve your time at once to avoid disappointment as the time between trains is limited.

Shop, where you are invited to shop. The ads are your invitation to the stores of aggressive and successful business men.

—AND THEN SOME!

When next you feel like jumping on the editor because something or other happened and it wasn't in the paper—just have a heart and remember that one can only do one's best. Give us a hand once in a while with a local item you happen to know of—it will be appreciated. Let us have the names of your visitors, the name of the place you have, or are intending to visit, your jokes, your anything else. But never mind your woes and worries—we have lots.

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Regular \$12.50 at \$11.75
Regular \$20.00 at \$16.75

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The regular quarterly meeting of the Shareholders will take place on Saturday, October 13, in the Hall, at 8 p.m.

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U.F.A. Co-Operative Association

Phone 32

ABOUSSAFY AND SONS

ALL WEEK SPECIALS

Pure Jams

Pure Strawberry Jam	95c
Pure Plum Jam, (Empress)	65c
Club Blend Coffee, per tin	60c
Tea, Red Rose, per lb	35c
Tea, Ceylona, per lb	65c
Laundry Soap, (good) 2 lbs for	25c
Laundry Soap, Swift's White, 5 bars for	35c
Honey, Pride of Ontario, per 5lb pail	\$1.00
1 Bar Ivory Soap, 2 bars Gold Soap, 2 bars of P.&G. White Naphtha, and 1 package Soapade	35c
Apples, Wealthy, per crate	\$1.75

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PHONE 86

WETASKIWIN